

(19) World Intellectual Property Organization
International Bureau(43) International Publication Date
30 May 2002 (30.05.2002)

PCT

(10) International Publication Number
WO 02/42468 A2(51) International Patent Classification⁷: C12N 15/52

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US01/44306

(22) International Filing Date:
26 November 2001 (26.11.2001)

(25) Filing Language: English

(26) Publication Language: English

(30) Priority Data:
60/253,395 27 November 2000 (27.11.2000) US

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(81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published:

— without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report

For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guidance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the beginning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.

(54) Title: GLYCOSYLTRANSFERASE VECTORS FOR TREATING CANCER

Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$ MGVKGVLSMLVSVTVIVVFWEYINSPEGSFLWYHSKNEPV-DOSSAQKQWFPQMFNGCINHYQEE
human pseudogeneH.....LF..NP.R.....SGG..I..G.....R.....
sheepH.....LF..NP.R.....GG..I..G.....R.....H.....
BovineR.V.....L.....M.....LF..Q.....G.....RG.....S.....T.S.....H.....
PigL.....V.....V.RI.....-GENW.....S.....K.T.S.....D
Mouse

Consensus $\alpha 1,3GT$
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$
hu B transferase .AEVLRITLAKPKCHALRPWILFL.NLV-----LVL.CYCVLSPRSLMPCSL
hu A transferase .AEVLRITLAKPKCHALRPWILFL.NLV-----LVL.GYCVLSPRSLMPCSL

Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$ EDTDK-EKGRREEQKEDDTTELRLWQFNPKRPEVMTVTQKAPVWEGTYNKATLEMYAKQKITVG
human pseudogeneDEDVDE...EGRK.D....-SK.K.S....F....V.M.D.....R.V.DD.....
sheepDGDINE.....RN..E-SK.K.S....F....V.M.K.....R.V.D.....
BovineAIGN.....R..NRG..P.V....E....V.X.R.....R.V.D.....
PigNVEGR.....GRNG.RIE.PQ.....N..D.L....P.....DT.L..K..T..L..
Mouse

Consensus $\alpha 1,3GT$ V.M.P...I.....R.V.D.....
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$
hu B transferase .RCFQAVREPDHLQRVSLPRWYYPQKVLTPC.KD.LV..P.L.I.....F.ID..NEQFRL.NT.I.
hu A transferase .RCFQAVREPDHLQRVSLPRWYYPQKVLTPC.KD.LV..P.L.I.....F.ID..NEQFRL.NT.I.

Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$ LTVFAIGRYIENYLEEFVTSANGRYFMVQKVFYVWDDVSKAPFIELGPLRSFKVFVKPKRWQDISH
human pseudogeneND.....I.....I.....H.....M.....
sheepV.....L.....KH.....R.....RM.L.....R.....V.....
BovineV.....L.....KH.....P.....I.....RM.L.....K.....
PigV.....L.....T.....I.....RM.L.....E.....S.....
MouseV.K.....D.LE..DM.....R.....E..T.RM.VWR.M.R.LQ.....IRS.....

Consensus $\alpha 1,3GT$ V.K.....L.....I.....RM.L.....I.S.....V.....
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$ D.....L.....I.....
hu B transferaseKK.VA-F.KL.LET.EKH.....R.HY..FT.QPAV.RVT..TG.QLS.L..CAY.....V..
hu A transferaseKK.VA-F.KL.LET.EKH.....R.HY..FT.QPAV.RVT..TG.QLS.L..RAY.....V..

(57) Abstract: This disclosure provides a system for specifically killing cancer cells which can be used in the course of human therapy. Vectors of the invention comprises an encoding sequence for a glycosyltransferase, under control of a tumor or tissue specific transcriptional control element, such as the promoter for telomerase reverse transcriptase. Exemplary glycosyltransferases are the A or B transferase enzymes, which cause the cancer cells to express ABO histo blood group allotypes against which humans have naturally antibody. This provides for ongoing surveillance for newly emerging cells with a malignant phenotype.

WO 02/42468 A2

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GLYCOSYLTRANSFERASE VECTORS FOR TREATING CANCER

TECHNICAL FIELD

5 This invention relates generally to the field of virology and cancer therapy. This disclosure provides vectors in which an encoding region for glycosyltransferase is linked to a genetic element that controls transcription in a tumor or tissue specific fashion.

REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

10 This application claims priority to U.S. Patent Application 60/253,395; filed November 27, 2000, pending. Where permitted, the priority application is hereby incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

BACKGROUND

15 Many forms of cancer are intractable to traditional courses of radiation or small molecule pharmaceuticals. Considerable interest has evolved in developing gene therapy vectors as chemotherapeutic agents.

20 A broad variety of therapeutic genes are currently under investigation in preclinical and in clinical studies (Walther et al., Mol. Biotechnol. 13:21, 1999). The candidate genes have very different origins and different mechanisms of action — which include cytokine genes, genes coding for immunostimulatory molecules/antigens, genes encoding bacterial or viral prodrug-activating enzymes (suicide genes), and tumor suppressor genes.

25 Some of the putative vectors are based on adenovirus. U.S. Patents 5,631,236 and 6,096,718 (Baylor College of Medicine) cover a method of causing regression in a solid tumor, using a vector containing an HSV thymidine kinase (*tk*) gene, followed by administration of a prodrug such as ganciclovir. U.S. Patent 6,096,718 (Baylor College of Medicine) relates to the use of a replication incompetent adenoviral vector, comprising an HSV *tk* gene under control of the α -lactalbumin promoter.

30 U.S. Patents 5,801,029 and 5,846,945 (Onyx Pharmaceuticals) relate to adenovirus in which the E1a gene has been altered so as not to bind and inactivate tumor suppressor p53 or RB. This prevents the virus from inactivating tumor suppression in normal cells, which means the virus cannot replicate. However, the virus will replicate in cells that have shut off p53 or RB expression through oncogenic transformation.

35 U.S. Patent 5,998,205 (GTI/Novartis) pertains to a tissue-specific replication-conditional adenovirus, comprising a transcriptional regulatory sequence (such as the α -fetoprotein promoter) operably linked to adenovirus early replication gene. U.S. Patent 5,698,443 (Calydon) provides replication-conditional adenoviruses controlled by the PSA promoter. Alemany et al. (Cancer Gene Ther. 6:21, 1999) outline complementary adenoviral vectors for oncolysis. One vector contains cis replication elements and E1a under control of a tissue-specific promoter. The supplemental vector contains all other

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trans-acting adenovirus replication genes. Coinfection leads to controlled killing of hepatocarcinoma cells.

International Patent Publication WO 98/14593 (Geron) describes an adenovirus construct in which the *tk* gene is placed under control of the promoter for telomerase reverse transcriptase (TERT).

- 5 This gene is expressed at high levels in cancer cells of any tissue type, and the vector renders cancer cell lines susceptible to toxic effects of ganciclovir. WO 00/46355 (Geron) describes an oncolytic virus having a genome in which a TERT promoter is linked to a genetic element essential for replication or assembly of the virus, wherein replication of the virus in a cancer cell leads to lysis of the cancer cell.

- 10 Koga et al. (Hu. Gene Ther. 11:1397, 2000) propose a telomerase-specific gene therapy using the hTERT gene promoter linked to the apoptosis gene Caspase-8 (FLICE). Gu et al. (Cancer Res. 60:5359, 2000) reported a binary adenoviral system that induced Bax expression via the hTERT promoter. They found that it elicited tumor-specific apoptosis in vitro and suppressed tumor growth in nude mice.

- 15 Other vectors are based on herpes family viruses, such as herpes simplex type 1 and 2. U.S. Patent 5,728,379 (Georgetown University) relates to replication competent HSV containing a transcriptional regulatory sequence operatively linked to an essential HSV gene. Exemplary is the IPC4 gene under control of the pro-opiomelanocortin promoter.

- 20 Other vectors are based on the retrovirus family. U.S. Patent 5,997,859 and EP 702084 B1 (Chiron) pertain to replication-defective recombinant retrovirus, carrying a vector construct capable of preventing, inhibiting, stabilizing or reversing infections, cancer, or autoimmune disease. The virus directs expression of an enzyme not normally expressed in the cells that converts a compound into a cytotoxic form. Exemplary is the HSV *tk* gene. WO 99/08692 proposes the use of reovirus in treating cancer, particularly *ras*-mediated neoplasms.

- 25 These proposed therapeutic agents are not currently approved for commercial use in the United States. There is a need to develop new constructs to improve efficacy and specificity of cancer treatment.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

- 30 This invention provides a system for killing cancer cells in vitro or in vivo, using a polynucleotide encoding a glycosyltransferase under control of a tumor specific or tissue specific transcriptional control element. The glycosyltransferase typically forms a determinant on the cell surface to which some or all humans have naturally occurring antibody. In this manner, cancer cells will be culled on an ongoing basis by antibody already present in the circulation, without the need to follow the vector with an effector agent.

- 35 One embodiment of the invention is a polynucleotide as already described. Suitable glycosyltransferase enzymes include but are not limited to histo blood group A or B transferase from any upper primate (particularly human), and $\alpha(1,3)$ galactosyltransferase ($\alpha(1,3)$ GT) of any mammal that forms the Gal $\alpha(1,3)$ Gal xenoantigen.

- 40 The transcriptional control element can be a tissue specific promoter, as exemplified below. Alternatively, the control element can be a tumor specific promoter, as exemplified below. Of particular interest is the promoter for telomerase reverse transcriptase (SEQ. ID NO:1). The polynucleotide can

take the form of a viral vector (for example, adenovirus, herpes virus, or retrovirus), naked DNA, or a lipid composition (for example, a neutral or anionic lipid envelope, or a cationic liposome or micelle) that has a DNA or RNA component.

Polynucleotides of the invention can be used to prepare a medicament for human treatment, especially for conditions associated with hyperproliferation, such as cancer and other neoplasias.

Another embodiment of the invention is a polypeptide with glycosyltransferase activity, which comprises a consensus of mammalian α 1,3GT sequences, or a humanized α 1,3GT sequence, or catalytic subfragment thereof.

Also provided is a method of killing a cancer cell, comprising combining the cancer cell with a polynucleotide as already described. The invention includes a system for testing and manufacturing the glycosyltransferase vectors of this invention. The invention can be used for treating cancer in a subject by administering to the subject a polynucleotide as already described.

Other embodiments of the invention will be apparent from the description that follows.

DRAWINGS

Figure 1 is a map of adenovirus vector designated pGRN376, in which the promoter for telomerase reverse transcriptase (TERT) controls expression of the *tk* gene (Example 1).

Figure 2 is a photographic reproduction showing the effects of replication-conditional adenovirus on normal and cancer-derived cell lines (Example 2).

Figure 3 is a sequence listing comparing the human blood group A and B transferase amino acid sequences with α (1,3)galactosyltransferase (α 1,3GT) of other species. A consensus version and a humanized version of α 1,3GT are shown as SEQ. ID NOs:12 & 13. (-) represents a sequence gap; (.) indicates a residue identical with the aligned marmoset α 1,3GT sequence (Example 3). Other sequences shown in this figure are listed in Table 2.

Figure 4 is a sequence listing comparing the marmoset α 1,3GT encoding sequence with the human α 1,3GT pseudogene. The humanized α 1,3GT encoding sequence is shown as SEQ. ID NO:16 (Example 3). The sequences shown in this figure are listed in Table 2.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A long-sought objective in cancer treatment is to design a therapeutic agent that effectively kills cancer cells wherever they are located, while sparing other cells in the vicinity that do not bear the malignant phenotype.

The invention described in this disclosure solves the problem by providing a therapeutic vector that encodes an enzyme that forms a target molecule on the cell surface that can be targeted by antibody in situ. Particularly effective are so-called natural antibodies that recognize features of foreign complex carbohydrates. A number of naturally occurring anti-carbohydrate antibodies are present in the circulation of humans without deliberate immunization. It is thought that these antibodies arise from cross-reacting mucins and other carbohydrate-bearing substances that people are routinely exposed to through their diet.

In one aspect of this invention, the carbohydrate targets are produced in greater abundance on tumor cells, because expression of the enzyme that makes the target is controlled by a transcriptional control element that is tumor or tissue specific. Tumor-specific targeting relies on control elements taken from genes expressed predominantly in cells that undergo repeated proliferation, or that are relatively undifferentiated. Such vectors are effective for treating a wide variety of tumor types at the primary site or elsewhere. Tissue-specific targeting relies on control elements taken from genes expressed in particular tissue types. Such vectors are especially useful for treating metastases, or tumors in which the tissue-specific element is relatively more abundant.

Treatment is effected by administering the vector systemically or locally so that it can migrate to and transfect the tumor cells causing the disease. The vector then causes expression of the new carbohydrate structure at the cell surface. This becomes a target for antibody in the circulation (or other components of the immune system, such as cytotoxic T cells, ADCC cells, or T helper/inducer cells) — which in turn leads to a number of possible effects — complement-mediated lysis, opsonization, cytotoxic killing, cytokine and interferon secretion, and inflammatory response.

This system is believed to offer two advantages over previous approaches to gene therapy for cancer.

The first advantage is that it can provide *ongoing surveillance* against the emergence of new malignancies. This is available when using a tumor-specific expression vector, such as the TERT promoter described below, and when the vector is capable of replication or remains expressible by the cell. In cancer cells, the vector will cause expression of the target carbohydrate, causing them to be recognized and eliminated by antibody. In cells that are not actively malignant, the vector will remain quiescent — until such time as the cell reverts to the cancer phenotype — whereupon the target carbohydrate will be expressed *de novo*, and the cell becomes eliminated in its turn. Since naturally occurring antibody is persistently available, there is no need to readminister an effector drug to eradicate any newly activated cancer cells.

The second advantage is that glycosyltransferases potentially provide a *second level of specificity for malignant cells*. In using tumor-specific promoters to drive gene expression, there is at least a theoretical concern that the vector may also have an effect on non-cancerous cells that up-regulate the promoter transiently as part of the normal replicative process of the cell. For example, TERT is expressed transiently by some actively growing stem cells, lymphocytes, and germinal tissue.

The potential second layer of specificity provided by glycosyltransferase is related to the density of carbohydrate determinants on the surface of certain types of progenitor cells. Immune lysis of cells through glycolipid antigen depends primarily on IgG antibody. The IgG molecule must span two antigenic determinants with its two combining sites in order to activate complement — binding to only one determinant (termed monogamous bivalency) is insufficient. This means there is a minimum density of determinants that must be present in order for the antibody to activate complement.

Fetal red cells bear a low density of ABO blood group determinants, attributable to paucity of branches in the oligosaccharide. This means that ABO blood group IgG antibodies can only bind monogamously (Romans et al., J. Immunol. 124:2807, 1980). If other fetal and embryonic cells express the branching enzyme in the same limited fashion, then they may also be less susceptible to complement lysis mediated by antibodies directed against any part of the same complex carbohydrate.

This theoretical rationale is provided to enhance the reader's appreciation of the invention. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that there are other advantages in the invention beyond those indicated above. This explanation is not meant to limit the claimed invention in any way.

Further explanation of the making and use of the vector constructs of the invention is provided in the sections that follow.

Definitions

The term "polynucleotide" refers to a polymeric form of nucleotides of any length. Included are genes and gene fragments, mRNA, tRNA, rRNA, ribozymes, cDNA, recombinant polynucleotides, branched polynucleotides, plasmids, vectors, isolated DNA and RNA, nucleic acid probes, and primers. As used in this disclosure, the term polynucleotides refer interchangeably to double- and single-stranded molecules. Unless otherwise specified or required, any embodiment of the invention that is a polynucleotide encompasses both a double-stranded form, and each of the two complementary single-stranded forms known or predicted to make up the double-stranded form.

A cell is said to be "genetically altered", "transfected", or "genetically transformed" when a polynucleotide has been transferred into the cell by any suitable means of artificial manipulation, or where the cell is a progeny of the originally altered cell that has inherited the polynucleotide. The polynucleotide will often comprise a transcribable sequence encoding a protein of interest, which enables the cell to express the protein at an elevated level. The genetic alteration is said to be "inheritable" if progeny of the altered cell have the same alteration.

A "control element" or "control sequence" is a nucleotide sequence that contributes to the functional regulation of a polynucleotide, such as replication, duplication, transcription, splicing, translation, or degradation of the polynucleotide. Transcriptional control elements include promoters, enhancers, and repressors.

Particular gene sequences referred to as promoters, like the "TERT promoter", or the "PSA promoter", are polynucleotide sequences derived from the gene referred to that promote transcription of an operatively linked gene expression product. It is recognized that various portions of the upstream and intron untranslated gene sequence may in some instances contribute to promoter activity, and that all or any subset of these portions may be present in the genetically engineered construct referred to. The promoter may be based on the gene sequence of any species having the gene, unless explicitly restricted, and may incorporate any additions, substitutions or deletions desirable, as long as the ability to promote transcription in the target tissue. Genetic constructs designed for treatment of humans may comprise a segment that at least 90% identical to a promoter sequence of a human gene. A particular sequence can be tested for activity and specificity, for example, by operatively linking to a reporter gene (Example 1).

Genetic elements are said to be "operatively linked" if they are in a structural relationship permitting them to operate in a manner according to their expected function. For instance, if a promoter helps initiate transcription of the coding sequence, the coding sequence can be referred to as operatively linked to (or under control of) the promoter. There may be intervening sequence between the promoter and coding region so long as this functional relationship is maintained.

In the context of encoding sequences, promoters, and other gene elements, the term "heterologous" indicates that the element is derived from a genotypically distinct entity from that of the rest of the entity to which it is being compared. For example, a promoter or gene introduced by genetic engineering techniques into a context in which it does not occur in nature is said to be a heterologous polynucleotide. An "endogenous" genetic element is an element that is in the same place in the chromosome where it occurs in nature, although other gene elements may be artificially introduced into a neighboring position.

The terms "polypeptide", "peptide" and "protein" are used interchangeably to refer to polymers of amino acids of any length. The polymer may comprise modified amino acids, it may be linear or branched, and it may be interrupted by non-amino acids.

The term "antibody" as used in this disclosure refers to both polyclonal and monoclonal antibody. The ambit of the term deliberately encompasses not only intact immunoglobulin molecules, but also such fragments and genetically engineered derivatives of immunoglobulin molecules, T cell receptors, and their equivalents as may be prepared by techniques known in the art, and which retain binding specificity of the antigen combining site.

General Techniques

Methods in molecular genetics and genetic engineering are described generally in the current editions of *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual*, (Sambrook et al.); *Oligonucleotide Synthesis* (M.J. Gait, ed.); *Animal Cell Culture* (R.I. Freshney, ed.); *Gene Transfer Vectors for Mammalian Cells* (Miller & Calos, eds.); *Current Protocols in Molecular Biology* and *Short Protocols in Molecular Biology*, 3rd Edition (F.M. Ausubel et al., eds.); and *Recombinant DNA Methodology* (R. Wu ed., Academic Press). Reagents, cloning vectors, and kits for genetic manipulation referred to in this disclosure are available from commercial vendors such as BioRad, Stratagene, Invitrogen, and ClonTech.

For a description of the molecular biology of cancer, the reader is referred to *Principles of Molecular Oncology* (M.H. Bronchud et al. eds., Humana Press, 2000); *The Biological Basis of Cancer* (R.G. McKinnel et al. eds., Cambridge University Press, 1998); and *Molecular Genetics of Cancer* (J.K. Cowell ed., Bios Scientific Publishers, 1999).

General techniques for the development, testing, and administration of biomolecular chemotherapeutics are provided in *Gene Therapy of Cancer*, Adv. Exp. Med. Biol. vol. 451 (P. Walden ed., Plenum Publishing Corp., 1998); *Cancer Gene Therapy*, Adv. Exp. Med. Biol. vol. 465 (N. A. Habib ed., Kluwer Academic Pub, 2000); and *Gene Therapy of Cancer: Methods and Protocols*, Meth. Mol. Med. vol. 35 (W. Walther & U. Stein eds., Humana Press, 2000).

Effector Genes for Tumor Cell Depletion

The vectors of this invention comprise an encoding region that forms a carbohydrate determinant on the cell surface as a target for cancer cell lysis.

Exemplary are glycosyltransferases that synthesize an alloantigen or xenoantigen widely expressed on different tissue types.

In humans, an $\alpha(1,2)$ fucosyltransferase uses N-acetyl lactosamine acceptor groups on cell surface glycoproteins and glycolipids to form $\text{Fu}\alpha(1,2)\text{Gal}\beta(1,4)\text{GlcNAc}$, which is blood group H

substance. This in turn serves as an acceptor for the ABO histo blood group transferases, which form terminal allodeterminants on the complex carbohydrate. Blood group A transferase adds GalNAc to form GalNAc(1,3)Gal (A substance). Blood group B transferase adds Gal instead to form Gal(1,3)Gal (B substance).

5 According to the blood group of an individual, one or both of these transferases are expressed in essentially all nucleated cells, resulting in expression of A and B substance on the cell surface. Red cells also abundantly present A and B substance, by virtue of synthesis before enucleation, and subsequent adsorption of glycolipids from plasma. Naturally occurring antibodies circulate in the blood that react against the ABO determinants that are not self-antigens. One advantage of using an ABO transferase as
10 the effector sequence is that the H precursor substance will be available on the surface membrane of virtually any tumor.

The nucleotide and protein sequence of A transferase and B transferase are provided below. See also U.S. Patents 5,068,191 and 5,326,857. The two enzymes are close homologs of each other, differing by only a few amino acids. Another advantage of using an ABO transferase as the effector
15 sequence is that the expressed protein is of human origin, and unlikely to be immunogenic by virtue of its similarity to another gene product expressed as a self antigen in the patient being treated.

Mammals other than humans, apes and Old World monkeys do not form H precursor substance, but instead convert the N-acetyl lactosamine acceptor into the Gal(1,3)Gal determinant. Gal(1,3)Gal epitope is expressed prominently on the surface of nucleated cells, including hepatic cells, renal cells,
20 and vascular endothelium — and is the main target for the natural antibodies mediating xenograft rejection (reviewed by Joziassse et al., *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1455:403, 1999; Sandrin et al., *Frontiers Biosci.* 2:31, 1997).

The Gal(1,3)Gal epitope is made by a specific enzyme, $\alpha(1,3)$ galactosyltransferase ($\alpha(1,3)$ GT). In humans and other primates that don't express the Gal(1,3)Gal product, the $\alpha(1,3)$ GT locus is
25 inactivated (Gaillili et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 15:7401, 1991). There are frameshift and nonsense mutations within the locus, turning it into a non-functional, processed pseudogene (Laarsen et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 265:7055, 1990; Joziassse et al., *J. Biol. Chem.* 266:6991, 1991).

For use in this invention, $\alpha(1,3)$ GT of any species can be used. A number of $\alpha(1,3)$ GT sequences are provided below. For use in human therapy, it may be beneficial to use an $\alpha(1,3)$ GT that differs as little
30 as possible from the human pseudogene sequence, while retaining the same specificity. The complete marmoset $\alpha(1,3)$ GT sequence is provided below, and can be humanized by substituting residues from the human pseudogene that do not alter the binding or catalytic site. If desired, glycosyltransferases can also be truncated down to the minimal size of the catalytically active enzyme (Henion et al., *Glycobiology* 4:193, 1994).

35 Other glycosyltransferases can also be identified for use in this invention. Candidates include transferases responsible for other carbohydrate blood group alloantigens (for example, Lewis, P, Ii blood groups). Candidates also include non-mammalian glycosyltransferases, and transferases responsible for making determinants present on embryonic cells of humans and other species that are not found on most adult cells.

40 The choice of a particular transferase may involve a number of considerations and routine empirical testing. One consideration is the density of determinants formed on transfected cells. As

discussed earlier, certain glycosyltransferases may synthesize a lower density of determinants on stem cells by virtue of the relative paucity of branched precursor substances on those cells. By judicious selection of the transferase, it may be possible to titrate the density of determinants formed. For example, A- and B-transferases will have exclusive access to H substance if transfected into type O cells, or will compete 1:1 with each other as counterparts. α 1,3GT is expected to produce less determinant, because it must compete in humans with the α (1,2)fucosyltransferase that forms H substance. It has been found that α 1,3GT fares less well in this competition because of its position in the Golgi, which in turn is a function of the N-terminal membrane-anchoring domain. It is possible to switch the α (1,2)fucosyltransferase cytoplasmic domain onto α 1,3GT in order to increase the density of Gal α (1,3)Gal epitopes produced (Osman et al., J. Biol. Chem. 271:33105, 1996).

Transcriptional Control Elements for Tumor Targeting

The control element is selected with a view to the protein expression patterns in cancer cells compared with non-malignant cells that will also be exposed to the vector.

Many tumor-specific transcriptional control elements can be used in this invention. These control elements cause elevated transcription of the encoding sequence they are linked to in tumor cells of a variety of different types. Examples are promoters that control telomerase reverse transcriptase (TERT), carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA), hypoxia-responsive element (HRE), autocrine motility factor receptor (Grp78), L-plastin, and hexokinase II.

The promoter for TERT is exemplary. Sequence of the human TERT gene (including upstream promoter sequence) is provided below. The reader is also referred to U.K. Patent GB 2321642 B (Cech et al., Geron Corporation and U. Colorado), International Patent Publications WO 00/46355 (Morin et al., Geron Corporation), WO 99/33998 (Hagen et al., Bayer Aktiengesellschaft), and Horikawa et al. (Cancer Res., 59:826, 1999). Other TERT sequences can also be used; the mouse sequence is provided in WO 99/27113 (Morin et al., Geron Corporation). A lambda phage clone designated λ G Φ 5, containing ~13,500 bases upstream from the hTERT encoding sequence, is available from the ATCC under Accession No. 98505. Example 1 illustrates the testing and use of TERT promoter sequences in vector expression systems. Those skilled in the art will appreciate that promoter sequences not contained in λ G Φ 5 but homologous and capable of promoting preferential expression in cancer cells can be used with similar effect. For example, a TERT promoter can comprise a sequence of 25, 50, 100, or 200 consecutive nucleotides that is 80%, 90%, or 100% identical (or can hybridize under stringent conditions) to a sequence contained in SEQ. ID NO:1.

As an alternative, a transcriptional control element can be used that is tissue-specific. Constructs of this kind will cause preferential expression of the glycosyltransferase, if the level of expression of the endogenous gene is higher in tumor cells than in non-malignant tissue of the same type. They are also useful to treat tumors that have metastasized away from the primary site. Examples are promoters that control transcription of albumin (liver-specific), α -fetoprotein (AFP, liver-specific), prostate-specific antigen (PSA, prostate-specific), mitochondrial creatine kinase (MCK, muscle-specific), myelin basic protein (MBP, oligodendrocyte-specific), glial fibrillary acidic protein (GFAP, glial cell specific), and neuron-specific enolase (NSE, neuron-specific). See U.S. Patent 5,871,726 (Calydon), WO 98/39466 (Calydon), U.S. Patent 5998205 (Genetic Therapy Inc.).

Additional promoters suitable for use in this invention can be taken from other genes that are preferentially expressed in tumor cells. Such genes can be identified, for example, by differential display and comparative genomic hybridization: see U.S. Patents 5,759,776 and 5,776,683. Alternatively, microarray analysis can be performed cDNA fragments of candidate genes in a 96 or 384 well format, and then spotted directly onto glass slides. To compare mRNA preparations from cancer cells and a matched non-malignant control, one preparation is converted into Cy3-labeled cDNA, while the other is converted into Cy5-labeled cDNA. The two cDNA preparations are hybridized simultaneously to the microarray slide, and then washed to eliminate non-specific binding. Any given spot on the array will bind each of the cDNA products in proportion to abundance of the transcript in the two original mRNA preparations. The slide is then scanned at wavelengths appropriate for each of the labels, and the relative abundance of mRNA is determined. Preferably, the level of expression of the effector gene will be at least 5-fold or even 25-fold higher in the undifferentiated cells relative to the differentiated cells. Having identified transcriptional control elements of interest, specificity can be tested in a reporter construct where the control element is used to control transcription of a reporter gene, such as green fluorescence protein, secreted alkaline phosphatase, or β -galactosidase.

Formulation and Administration of Cancer Therapeutics

A number of viral vectors are suitable for cancer gene therapy according to the invention. For general principles in vector construction, the reader is referred to *Viral Vectors for Gene Therapy* (B.J. Carter, Biotechnology 1999, XVIII, 562 p. 393, 1999).

Adenovirus vectors provide transient gene expression, and can be constructed to be replication competent or replication incompetent. For general principles in adenovirus construction, see Danthinne et al., *Gene Ther.* 7:1707, 2000, Bilbao et al., *Adv. Exp. med. Biol.* 451:365, 1998, and U.S. Patents 5,631,236 (Baylor College of Medicine), 5,670,488 (Genzyme), 5,698,443 (Calydon), 5,712,136 (GenVec), 5,880,102 (Duke University), 5,994,128 (IntroGene), 6,040,174 (Transgene), 6,096,718 (Gene Targeting Corp).

Retrovirus vectors can be constructed to provide gene expression that is inheritable by progeny of the cell it infects. U.S. Patent 5,698,446 and 6,133,029 (Chiron). Vectors can also be based on viruses of the herpes family. U.S. Patent 5,728,379 (Georgetown University). Adeno-associated virus, reovirus, and a number of other viruses are also suitable.

As an alternative, the vectors of this invention can be constructed on a technology which is not virus based. Suitable are nucleic acid-lipid complexes of various kinds, where the lipid protects the nucleic acid en route to the tumor, and facilitates entry into the cell. One form is cationic liposomes or micelles. Li et al. (*Gene Ther.* 5:930, 1998) generally describe cationic lipid – promoter – DNA complexes for intravenous gene delivery. Another form is neutral or anionic liposomes, where the DNA is encapsulated in a lipid envelope that may express other components to inhibit non-specific uptake. U.S. Patents 5,981,501 (Inex) and 6,043,094 (Sequus/Alza). The composition may resemble an artificial viral envelope. U.S. Patent 5,766,625 (U. Florida) and WO 97/04748 (Advanced Therapies).

Also part of the invention are viral constructs in which gene expression is cell-specific, and the virus itself is replication conditional. See generally Todo et al., *Cancer Gene Ther.* 7:939, 2000; and WO 00/46355 (Geron). In this embodiment, the glycosyltransferase encoding region is under control of a

tissue or tumor specific control element — and a gene essential for replication or packaging of the virus is also under control of a tissue or tumor-specific control element. Genes required for replication of adenovirus include E1a, E1b, E2, and E4. Genes required for replication of HSV include ICP6 and ICP4. Glycosyltransferase expression and viral replication can be controlled by the same promoter — or they can be controlled by different promoters, providing a further level of specificity for cancer cells.

Constructs comprising different glycosyltransferase encoding regions and different regulatory control elements can be tested and compared in several different assay systems. Suitable cells for these assays include human tumor cells expressing the gene from which the regulatory control element of the virus is taken (e.g., hTERT), matched with cell lines from a similar non-malignant tissue, or a tissue expressing about the same density of acceptor substrate for the glycosyltransferase. The cells can be transduced with the test vector, with a vector not comprising the glycosyltransferase sequence (negative control), and with a vector in which the glycosyltransferase is under control of a constitutive promoter (such as CMV or PGK).

Expression of the glycosyltransferase can be detected at the RNA level by RT-PCR, and at the protein level by immunocytochemistry, according to standard techniques. Expression of the cell-surface determinant synthesized by the glycosyltransferase can be detected using epitope-specific antibody or lectin, for example, by FACS. Human type B serum contains antibodies to A substance and to the Gal α (1,3)Gal xenoantigen. The "IB4" lectin from *Bandeiraea (Griffonia) simplicifolia* (Sigma Cat. L 3019) is specific for α -D-galactosyl residues and binds both the Gal α (1,3)Gal epitope, and B blood group substance. Antigen density can be compared for vectors with different promoters and effectors in quantitative assays using labeled monovalent antibody. Monogamous bivalency (the ability or inability of specific IgG to bind by more than one combining site) can be measured in suspended cells using the antiglobulin test (Romans et al., J. Immunol. 124:2807, 1980).

Ultimately, efficacy of the constructs of this invention can be assessed by their ability to trigger complement-mediated tumor cell lysis. A panel of tumor and non-tumor lines in culture is transfected with the vector, and then exposed to a source of epitope-specific antibody plus complement. For typical vectors encoding α 1,3GT, fresh human serum will contain sufficient antibody and complement to cause specific lysis. For typical vectors encoding an A or B transferase, fresh serum of O blood type should cause lysis. If fresh serum is not available for the product of a particular glycosyltransferase, lysis can be measured using specific antibody and guinea pig complement. Rather than measuring lysis, the cells can be treated for a brief interval and then injected into a suitable mouse model, to determine if the treatment inhibits tumor growth.

General validation of the approach and titration of virus can be confirmed using a α 1,3GT vector in α 1,3GT knockout mice. U.S. Patent 5,849,991 (Bresatch) reports mice that are homozygous for inactivated α 1,3GT, resulting in lack of expression of Gal α (1,3)Gal epitope, as determined by specific antibody. A model is developed in which the mice are injected with a representative human cancer cell line, such as a glioma. After solid tumors have developed of a sizeable diameter, the mice are injected intravenously or intratumorally with the α 1,3GT vector. A dose of 10^5 to 10^8 pfu is the predicted test range for HSV vectors. Once the α 1,3GT is expressed, anti-Gal α (1,3)Gal in the plasma of these mice should opsonize the tumor cells, slowing tumor growth, potentially causing regression and increased survival.

Treatment of human patients having a tumor depends on the nature of the vectors available and the carbohydrate determinants naturally expressed on their cells. Patients of blood type O (~46% of the U.S. population) will have natural antibody to both A and B substance, and can be treated with a vector encoding either A or B transferase. Patients of blood type A (~38%) or B (~12%) will have natural antibody to the opposite determinant, and can be treated with a vector encoding the corresponding transferases. Patients of blood type AB (~4% of the population) will not be treatable using either vector. It is possible to use a mixture of A and B transferase vectors as a universal reagent for patients of blood types A, B, and O (~96% of the population). The lytic potential of the mixture may be somewhat reduced in blood types A and B, since the transferases will be codominantly expressed.

A universal reagent suitable for treating all ABO blood groups is a vector made using the α 1,3GT transferase. Since humans don't have the anti-Gal α (1,3)Gal epitope, essentially everyone should have naturally occurring antibody. α 1,3GT must compete in humans for the N-acetyl lactosamine acceptor substrate with the α (1,2)fucosyltransferase that makes H substance. Since α 1,3GT fairs less well in this competition because of its position in the Golgi (Osman et al., J. Biol. Chem. 271:33105, 1996), a higher density of epitope will be formed by a construct that encodes the N-terminal membrane anchoring domain of the α (1,2)fucosyltransferase fused to the extramembrane catalytic domain of α 1,3GT.

Dosage and formulation of medicaments intended for human therapy are designed based on the animal model experiments. For general guidance on formulation and testing of medicament formulations for human administration, the reader is referred to *Biopharmaceutical Drug Design and Development* (S. Wu-Pong et al. eds, Humana Press 1999); *Biopharmaceuticals: Biochemistry and Biotechnology* (G. Walsh, John Wiley & Sons, 1998); and the most current edition of Remington : *The Science and Practice of Pharmacy* (A. Gennaro, Lippincott, Williams & Wilkins). Pharmaceutical compositions of this invention may be packaged in a container with written instructions for use of the cells in human therapy, and the treatment of cancer.

*The examples that follow are provided by way of further illustration,
and are not meant to limit the claimed invention.*

EXAMPLES

Example 1: Preparation of vectors controlling transcription in cells expressing telomerase reverse transcriptase

The lambda clone designated λ G Φ 5 containing the hTERT promoter is deposited with the American Type Culture Collection (ATCC), 10801 University Blvd., Manassas, VI 20110 U.S.A., under Accession No. 98505. λ G Φ 5 contains a 15.3 kbp insert including approximately 13,500 bases upstream from the hTERT coding sequence.

A Not1 fragment containing the hTERT promoter sequences was subcloned into the Not1 site of pUC derived plasmid, which was designated pGRN142. A subclone (plasmid pGRN140) containing a 9 kb NcoI fragment (with hTERT gene sequence and about 4 to 5 kb of lambda vector sequence) was partially sequenced to determine the orientation of the insert. pGRN140 was digested using Sall to

remove lambda vector sequences, the resulting plasmid (with removed lambda sequences) designated pGRN144. The pGRN144 insert was then sequenced.

SEQ. ID NO:1 is a listing of the sequence data obtained. Nucleotides 1-43 and 15376-15418 are plasmid sequence. Thus, the genomic insert begins at residue 44 and ends at residue 15375. The beginning of the cloned cDNA fragment corresponds to residue 13490. There are Alu sequence elements located ~1700 base pairs upstream. The sequence of the hTERT insert of pGRN142 can now be obtained from GenBank (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/>) under Accession PGRN142.INS AF121948. Numbering of hTERT residues for plasmids in the following description begins from the translation initiation codon, according to standard practice in the field. The hTERT ATG codon (the translation initiation site) begins at residue 13545 of SEQ. ID NO:1. Thus, position -1, the first upstream residue, corresponds to nucleotide 13544 in SEQ. ID NO:1.

Expression studies were conducted with reporter constructs comprising various hTERT upstream and intron sequences. A BglII-Eco47III fragment from pGRN144 (described above) was digested and cloned into the BglII-NruI site of pSEAP2Basic (ClonTech, San Diego, CA) to produce plasmid designated pGRN148. A second reporter-promoter, plasmid pGRN150 was made by inserting the BglII-FspI fragment from pGRN144 into the BglII-NruI sites of pSEAP2. Plasmid pGRN173 was constructed by using the EcoRV-StuI (from +445 to -2482) fragment from pGRN144. This makes a promoter reporter plasmid that contains the promoter region of hTERT from approximately 2.5 kb upstream from the start of the hTERT open reading frame to just after the first intron within the coding region, with the initiating Met codon of the hTERT open reading frame changed to Leu. Plasmid pGRN175 was made by APA1(Klenow blunt)-SRF1 digestion and religation of pGRN150 to delete most of the Genomic sequence upstream of hTERT. This makes a promoter/reporter plasmid that uses 204 nucleotides of hTERT upstream sequences (from position -36 to -117). Plasmid pGRN176 was made by PML1-SRF1 religation of pGRN150 to delete most of the hTERT upstream sequences. This makes a promoter/reporter plasmid that uses 204 nucleotides of hTERT upstream sequences (from position -36 to -239).

Levels of secreted placental alkaline phosphatase (SEAP) activity were detected using the chemiluminescent substrate CSPDTM (ClonTech). SEAP activity detected in the culture medium was found to be directly proportional to changes in intracellular concentrations of SEAP mRNA. The pGRN148 and pGRN150 plasmids (hTERT promoter-reporter) and the pSEAP2 plasmid (positive control, containing the SV40 early promoter and enhancer) were transfected into test cell lines. pGRN148 and pGRN150 constructs drove SEAP expression as efficiently as the pSEAP2 in immortal (tumor-derived) cell lines. Only the pSEAP2 control gave detectable activity in mortal cells.

The ability of the hTERT promoter to specifically drive the expression of the thymidine kinase (*tk*) gene in tumor cells was tested using a variety of constructs: One construct, designated pGRN266, contains an EcoRI-FseI PCR fragment with the *tk* gene cloned into the EcoRI-FseI sites of pGRN263. pGRN263, containing approximately 2.5 kb of hTERT promoter sequence, is similar to pGRN150, but contains a neomycin gene as selection marker. pGRN267 contains an EcoRI-FseI PCR fragment with the *tk* gene cloned into the EcoRI-FseI sites of pGRN264. pGRN264, containing approximately 210 bp of hTERT promoter sequence, is similar to pGRN176, but contains a neomycin gene as selection marker. pGRN268 contains an EcoRI-XbaI PCR fragment with the *tk* gene cloned into the EcoRI-XbaI

(unmethylated) sites of pGRN265. pGRN265, containing approximately 90 bp of hTERT promoter sequence, is similar to pGRN175, but contains a neomycin gene as selection marker.

These hTERT promoter/*tk* constructs, pGRN266, pGRN267 and pGRN268, were re-introduced into mammalian cells and *tk*⁺ stable clones (and/or mass populations) were selected. Ganciclovir treatment in vitro of the *tk*⁺ cells resulted in selective destruction of all tumor lines tested, including 143B, 293, HT1080, Bxpc-3', DAOY and NIH3T3. Ganciclovir treatment had no effect on normal BJ cells.

Figure 1 is a map of the TPAC adenovector pGRN376. It was made by cloning the NOT1-BAMH1 fragment from pGRN267 into the NOT1-BGL2 sites of pAdBN (Quantum Biotech). The 7185 bp vector comprises the herpes simplex thymidine kinase (*tk*) gene under control of the medium-length hTERT promoter sequence.

Example 2: Killing cancer cells using vectors controlled by the TERT promoter

A replication-conditional adenovirus was constructed by placing a gene involved in viral replication under control of the hTERT promoter, which should activate transcription in telomerase-expressing cancer cells. The viral construct comprised the Inverted Terminal Repeat (ITR) from adenovirus Ad2; followed by the hTERT medium-length promoter (pH_{TERT}176) operably linked to the adenovirus E1a region; followed by the rest of the adenovirus deleted for the E3 region (ΔE3). As a positive control, a similar construct was made in which E1a was placed under control of the CMV promoter, which should activate transcription in any cell.

Reagents were obtained as follows. pBR322, restriction enzymes: NEB, Beverly, MA. Adenovirus Type 2 (Ad2), tissue culture reagents: Gibco/BRL, Grand Island, NY. Protection Mammalian Transfection Systems: Promega, Madison, WI. Tumor and Normal Cell lines: ATCC, Manassas, VA, except BJ line, which was obtained from J. Smith, U. of Texas Southwestern Medical Center.

Briefly, a pBR322-based plasmid was constructed which contains the Adenovirus Type 2 genome with deletions from 356-548nt (E1a promoter region) and 27971-30937nt (E3). A multiple cloning region was inserted at the point of deletion of the E1a promoter, and hTERT promoter (-239 to -36nt) or CMV promoter (-524 to -9nt) was subsequently cloned. Numbering of the CMV sequence is in accordance with Akrigg et al., Virus Res. 2:107, 1985. Numbering of the Ad2 sequence is in accordance with "DNA Tumor Viruses: Molecular Biology of Tumor Viruses", J. Tooze ed., Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, NY.

These plasmid DNAs were digested with SnaBI to liberate ITRs, then phenol-chloroform extracted, precipitated and transfected into 293A cells for propagation of the virus. Several rounds of plaque purifications were performed using A549 cells, and a final isolate was expanded on these same cells. Viruses were titered by plaque assay on 293A cells, and tested for the presence of 5' WT Ad sequences by PCR. DNA was isolated from viruses by HIRT extraction.

Figure 2 shows the effect of these viruses on normal and cancer-derived cell lines. Each cell line was plated and infected at an MOI=20, ~24h post plating. The cells were then cultured over a period of 17-48 days, and fed every fourth day. The pictures shown in the Figure were taken 7 days after infection. The top row of each section shows the results of cells that were not virally infected (negative control). The middle row shows the results of cells infected with oncolytic adenovirus, in which replication gene E1a is operably linked to the hTERT promoter. The bottom row of each section shows the results of cells

infected with adenovirus in which E1a is operably linked to the CMV promoter (positive control). Results are summarized in Table 1.

TABLE 1: Effect of Oncolytic Virus on Cancerous and Non-cancerous Cells

Cell Line	Origin	Culture Conditions	Uninfected cell Lysis	Lysis by pH ₁ TERT-E1ΔE3	Lysis by pCMV-E1ΔE3
BJ	foreskin fibroblast	90% DMEM/M199 + 10% FBS	NO	NO	YES
IMR	lung fibroblast	90% DMEM/M199 + 10% FBS	NO	NO	YES
WI-38	lung fibroblast	90% DMEM/M199 + 10% FBS + 5 μg/mL gentamicin	NO	NO	YES
A549	lung carcinoma	90% RPMI + 10% FBS	NO	YES	YES
AsPC-1	adenocarcinoma, pancreas	90% RPMI + 10% FBS	NO	YES	YES
BxPC-3	adenocarcinoma, pancreas	90% EMEM + 10% FBS	NO	YES	YES
DAOY	medulloblastoma	90% EMEM + 10% FBS	NO	YES	YES
HeLa:	cervical carcinoma	90% EMEM + 10% FBS	NO	YES	YES
HT1080	fibrosarcoma	90% EMEM + 10% FBS	NO	YES	YES

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All cell lines tested were efficiently lysed by AdCMV-E1ΔE3 by day 17 post-infection. All tumor lines were lysed by AdpH₁TERT-E1ΔE3 in a similar, but slightly delayed period, while normal lines showed no signs of cytopathic effect and remained healthy out to 6 weeks post-infection.

10 The results demonstrate that an oncolytic virus can be constructed by placing a genetic element essential for replication of the virus under control of an hTERT promoter. Replication and lysis occurs in cancer cells, but not in differentiated non-malignant cells.

Example 3: Killing cancer cells using glycosyltransferase vectors and natural antibody

15 Adenovirus vectors comprising encoding sequences for glycosyltransferase under control of the TERT promoter are constructed by cloning the encoding sequence behind the hTERT promoter sequence of pGRN267, as described in Example 1.

SEQ. ID NO:2 and SEQ. ID NO:4 provide the encoding sequences for the A and B transferase, respectively.

20 **Figure 3** is a comparison of the known mammalian α1,3GT protein sequences, the ABO transferases, and the amino acid translation of the human α1,3GT pseudogene. Based on this comparison and a comparison of the gene sequences, a humanized version of the marmoset α1,3GT protein sequence has been devised (SEQ. ID NO:13). Another α1,3GT sequence has been devised in which the marmoset prototype has been adapted with substitutions in the extracellular domain to enhance activity, based on a consensus of other mammalian α1,3GT amino acid sequences (SEQ. ID NO:12).

Figure 4 provides a listing of a humanized $\alpha 1,3$ GT encoding sequence, adapting the marmoset nucleic acid sequence with conservative and silent substitutions in the human pseudogene (SEQ. ID NO:16).

A model adenovirus vector is made using the sheep $\alpha 1,3$ GT encoding sequence shown in SEQ. ID NO:17. Briefly, a *Ecl*136II fragment from a plasmid comprising the cDNA coding sequence plus ~70 bp of untranslated upstream sequence is cloned into the *Eco*RI(Klenow blunted)-*Fse*I(Klenow blunted) sites of pGRN267 such that the sheep $\alpha 1,3$ GT gene is in the same orientation as the hTERT promoter. Then a *Not*I-BamHI fragment from the plasmid containing the transcription pause region, the hTERT promoter, the sheep $\alpha 1,3$ GT gene sequence and the SV40 polyA signal is cloned into the *Not*I-BglII sites of pAdBN (Quantum), which is then made into an adenovirus vector according to the manufacturer's technology.

Ability of $\alpha 1,3$ GT and ABO transferase vectors to promote tumor cell lysis is tested using a panel of established cell lines as in Example 2.

First, the ABO phenotype of each line is determined by incubating alternate wells with fresh human serum of the A and B blood type at 37°C for 30-60 min, and measuring trypan blue exclusion.

Fresh cells are then transduced with the test vectors at a suitable MOI, and cultured in a serum-free medium. Vectors comprising the opposite ABO transferase or $\alpha 1,3$ GT under control of the TERT promoter are used to treat the test well. The same transferase under control of the CMV promoter is a positive control. A promoterless vector, a vector comprising ABO matched transferase, and empty vector can all serve as negative controls.

After 2 or 7 days, the cells are washed, and overlaid with fresh ABO matched human serum. After incubation at 37°C for 30-60 min, 0.4% trypan blue is added, and the percentage of lysed (blue staining) cells is determined.

SEQUENCE DATA**TABLE 2: Sequences listed in this Disclosure**

SEQ. ID NO:	Designation	Reference
1	Lambda clone designated λ G ϕ 5 (ATCC Accession No. 98505) Contains human Telomerase Reverse Transcriptase (hTERT) genomic insert (residues 44-15375). The ATG translation initiation site begins at residue 13545.	GenBank Accession AF121948 International Patent Publication WO 00/46355.
2	Human histo blood group A transferase cDNA sequence	GenBank Accession J05175 See also Accession Nos. AF134413 & AF134412; Yamamoto et al., Nature 1990 May 17;345:229 (1990); U.S. Patent 5,326,857
3	Human histo blood group A transferase amino acid sequence	(<i>supra</i>) Figure 3
4	Human histo blood group B transferase cDNA sequence	GenBank Accession AF134414 Yamamoto et al., Nature 1990 May 17;345:229 (1990); U.S. Patent 5,326,857
5	Human histo blood group B transferase amino acid sequence	(<i>supra</i>) Figure 3
6	Marmoset α 1,3-galactosyltransferase amino acid sequence	GenBank Accession S71333 Henion et al., Glycobiology 4,193 (1994) Figure 3
7	Amino acid translation of human 1,3-galactosyltransferase pseudogene	(<i>infra</i>) Figure 3
8	Sheep α 1,3-galactosyltransferase amino acid sequence	Chris Denning & John Clark, Geron Biomed Figure 3
9	Bovine α 1,3-galactosyltransferase amino acid sequence	GenBank Accession J04989 Joziase et al. "Bovine α 1->3- galactosyltransferase" J. Biol. Chem. 264, 14290 (1989) Figure 3
10	Pig α 1,3-galactosyltransferase amino acid sequence	GenBank Accession L36152 Sus scrofa alpha-1,3-galactosyltransferase mRNA. Strahan et al. "cDNA sequence and chromosome localization of pig α 1,3 galactosyltransferase" Immunogenetics 41, 101 (1995) See also GenBank Accession L36535 Sandrin et al. "Characterization of cDNA clones for porcine α (1,3)galactosyl transferase" Xenotransplantation (1994) Figure 3

TABLE 2: Sequences listed in this Disclosure

SEQ. ID NO:	Designation	Reference
11	Mouse α 1,3-galactosyltransferase amino acid sequence	GenBank Accession M26925 Larsen et al. "Isolation of a cDNA encoding a murine UDPgalactose: β -D-galactosyl-1,4-N-acetyl-D-glucosaminide α -1,3-galactosyltransferase" Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86, 8227 (1989) See also GenBank Accession IM85153 Joziassse et al. "Murine α -1,3-galactosyltransferase: A single gene locus specifies four isoforms of the enzyme by alternative splicing" J. Biol. Chem. 267, 5534 (1992) Figure 3
12	Consensus α 1,3-galactosyltransferase amino acid sequence	This Invention Figure 3
13	Humanized α 1,3-galactosyltransferase amino acid sequence	This Invention Figure 3
14	Marmoset α 1,3-galactosyltransferase cDNA sequence	GenBank Accession S71333 Henion et al., Glycobiology 4,193 (1994) Figure 4
15	Human α 1,3-galactosyltransferase pseudogene sequence	GenBank Accession J05421 Larsen et al., J. Biol. Chem. 265:7055, 1990 See also GenBank Accession M60263 Joziassse et al. "Characterization of an α -1->3-galactosyltransferase homologue on human chromosome 12 that is organized as a processed pseudogene" J. Biol. Chem. 266, 6991 (1991) Figure 4
16	Humanized α 1,3-galactosyltransferase encoding sequence	This Invention Figure 4
17	Sheep α 1,3-galactosyltransferase encoding sequence	Chris Denning & John Clark, Geron Biomed

SEQ. ID NO:1
(human TERT promoter & upstream sequence)

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gcggccgcga gctctaatac gactcactat agggcgctga ctcgatcaat ggaagatgag 60
gcattgccga agaaaaagatt aatggatttg aacacacagc aacagaaact acatgaagtg 120
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301 atcgacatcc tcaacagca gttcaggctc cagaacacca ccattggggtt aactgtgttt
361 gccatcaaga aatacgtggc ttctctgaag ctgttctctg agacggcgga gaagcattc
421 atggtggggc accgtgtcca ctactatgtc ttaccgacc agctggccgc ggtgccccc
481 gtgacgctgg ggacggctg gcagctgtca gtgctggagg tgcgcgcta caagcgtgg
541 caggacgtgt ccattgcggc catggagatg atcagtgact tctgcagcg gcgcttctc

```

601 agcgaggtgg attacctggt gtgcgtggac gtggacatgg agttccgcga ccacgtgggc
 661 gtggagatcc tgactccgct gttcggcacc ctgcaccccg gcttctacgg aagcagccgg
 721 gaggccttca cctacgagcg ccggcccccag tcccaggcct acatcccca ggacgagggc
 781 gattttact acctgggggg gttcttcggg gggtcgggac aagaggtgca gcggctcacc
 841 agggcctgcc accaggccat gatggtcgac caggccaacg gcatcgaggc cgtgtggcac
 901 gacgagagcc acctgaacaa gtacctgctg cggcacaac ccaccaaggt gctctcccc
 961 gagtacttgt gggaccagca gctgctgggc tggcccgccg tcctgaggaa gctgaggttc
 1021 actgctgtgc ccaagaacca ccaggcgggc cggaaacctg ga

SEQ. ID NO:3
 (human blood group A transferase)

MAEVLRLTAGPKKCHALRPMILFLIMLVLFYGVLSRSLMP
 GSLERGFMAVREPDHLQRVSLPRMVPQPKVLTWPKDVLVTPWLAPIVWEGTFNID
 ILNEQFRLQNTTIGLTVFAIKKYVAFLLKLFLETAEKHFVGHVHYVFTDQLAAVPR
 VTLGTGRQLSVLEVAYKRWQDVSMRRMEMISDFCERRFLSEVDYLVCDVDMFEDRH
 VQVEILTPLFGTLHPGFYGSREAFYERRPQSQAYIPKDEGDFYLLGGFFGGSVQEV
 QRLTRACHQAMMVDQANGIEAVWHDESHLNKYLRLHKPTKVLSPYELWDQQLLGWPAV
 LRLKLRFTAVPKNHQAVRNP

SEQ. ID NO:4
 (human blood group B transferase)

1 atggccgagg tgttgcggac gctggccgga aaacaaaat gccacgcact tcgacctatg
 61 atcccttttc taataatgct tgtcttgggc ttgtttggtt acgggggtcct aagccccaga
 121 agtctaatgc caggaagcct ggaacggggg ttctgcatgg ctgttaggga acctgacctat
 181 ctgcagcgcg tctcgttgcc aaggatgggc tacccccagc caaagggtgct gacaccgtgt
 241 aggaagagtg tcctcgtggt gaccccttgg ctggctccca ttgtctggga gggcacgttc
 301 aacatcgaca tcctcaacga gcagttcagg ctccagaaca ccaccattgg gttactgtg
 361 tttgccatca agaaatacgt ggctttcctg aagctgttcc tggagacggc ggagaagcac
 421 ttactggtgg gccaccgtgt ccactactat gtcttcaccg accagccggc cgcggtgccc
 481 cgcgtgacgc tggggaccgg tcggcagctg tcagtgtcgg aggtggggcg ctacaagcg
 541 tggcaggacg tgtccatgcy cgcgatggag atgatcagtg acttctgcga gcggcgcttc
 601 ctacgagagg tggattacct ggtgtgctg gacgtggaca tggagttccg cgacctgtg
 661 ggcgtggaga tcctgactcc gctgttcggc accctgcacc ccagcttcta cggaaagcag
 721 cgggaggcct tcacctacga gcgcggcgcc cagtcccagg cctacatccc caaggacgag
 781 ggcgatttct actacatggg ggcgttcttc ggggggtcgg tgcaagaggt gcagcggctc
 841 accaggcct gccaccaggc catgatgggc gaccaggcca acggcatcga ggccgtgtgg
 901 cagcagcaga gccacctgaa caagtaccta ctgcgccaca aaccaccaa ggtgctctcc
 961 cccgagtact tgtgggacca gcagctgctg ggcgtggccg ccgtcctgag gaagctgagg
 1021 ttactgcggg tgcccaagaa ccaccaggcg gtccggaacc cgtga

SEQ. ID NO:5
 (human blood group B transferase)

MAEVLRLTAGPKKCHALRPMILFLIMLVLFYGVLSRSLMP
 GSLERGFMAVREPDHLQRVSLPRMVPQPKVLTWPKDVLVTPWLAPIVWEGTFNID
 DILNEQFRLQNTTIGLTVFAIKKYVAFLLKLFLETAEKHFVGHVHYVFTDQPAVPR
 RVTLTGTGRQLSVLEVAYKRWQDVSMRRMEMISDFCERRFLSEVDYLVCDVDMFEDRH
 HVQVEILTPLFGTLHPSFYGSREAFYERRPQSQAYIPKDEGDFYMGAFGGSVQE
 VQRLTRACHQAMMVDQANGIEAVWHDESHLNKYLRLHKPTKVLSPYELWDQQLLGWPA
 VLRKLRFTAVPKNHQAVRNP

SEQ. ID NO:6
 (marmoset α 1,3GT)

MNVKGKIVLSMLVSTVIWVFWYINSPEGSFLWIYHKNPEV-DDSSAQKDWFPWFNNGIHNYYQEE
 EDTDK-EKGRREEQKKEDDTTELRLWDWFPNPKRPEVMTVQWAPVWEGTYNKAILENYYAKQKITVG
 LTVFAIGRYIEHYLEEFVTSANRYFMVGHKVIIFYVMDDVSKAPFIELPLRSFKVFVKPEKRWQDISM
 MRMKITGEHILAHIQHEVDLFCMDVDQVFDHFGVETLQGSVAQLQAWMYKADPDDFTYERRKESAAIY
 PFGQGFYHAAIFGGTPIQVLNITQECFKGILLDKKNDIEAEWHDESHLNKYFLLNKPSKILSPEYCW
 YHIGLPSDIKTVK*SWQTKYENLVKRVN

SEQ. ID NO:7
 (human α 1,3GT pseudogene)

RYNDHYLEEFITSANRYFMVGHKVIIFYIMDDVSKLPFIELGPLHSFKMFEVKPEKRWQDISM
 MRMKITGEHILAHIQHEVDLFCMDVDQVFDHFGVETLQGSVAQLQAWMYKADPDDFTYERRKESAAIY
 PFG*GDFYHAAISCGTPIQVLNITQECFKGILLDKKNDIEAEWHDESHLNKYFLLNKPSKILSLKYCW
 YHIGLPSDIKTVK*SWQTKYENLVKRVN

SEQ. ID NO:8
 (sheep α 1,3GT)

MNVKGKIVLSMLVSTVIWVFWYIHSPEGSLFWINPSRNPEVSGSSIQGWFPWFNNG---Y-QEE
 DEDVDEEKEQRKEDK-----SKLKLSDWFPNPKRPEVMTVQWAPVWEGTYNRAVLDDYYAKQKITVG
 LTVFAVGRYIEHYLEELTSANKHFVGHVIFYVMDDVSRMPLIELPLRSFKVFVKPEKRWQDVSM

VRMKTIGEHIHAHQREVDVFLCMDVDQVFQDFGVETLGESVAQLQAWMYKADPDEFTYERRKESAAYI
 PFGEQDFYYHAAIFGGTPTQVLNITQECFKGILDKKNDIEAQWHDSEHLNKYFLLNKPTKILSPEYCW
 YHIGLPADIKLVKMSWQTKKEYNVVRNNV

SEQ. ID NO:9
 (bovine $\alpha 1, 3GT$)

MNVKGVKILSMLVSTVIWVFEYIHSPEGSFLWINPSRNPEV--GSSSIQKQWLPWFNNG---Y-HEE
 DGDINEEK----EQRNEDE-SKLLSDWFPNPKRPEVVTITRWKAPVWEGTYNRAVLNYYAKQKITVG
 LTVFAVGRIYIEHYLEEFLTSANKHFMVGHVIFYIMVDDVSRMPLIELGPLRSFKVFKIKPEKRWDISM
 MRMTIGEHIHAHQREVDVFLCMDVDQVFQDFGVETLGESVAQLQAWMYKADPDEFTYERRKESAAYI
 PFGEQDFYYHAAIFGGTPTQVLNITQECFKGILDKKNDIEAQWHDSEHLNKYFLLNKPTKILSPEYCW
 YHIGLPADIKLVKMSWQTKKEYNVVRNNV

SEQ. ID NO:10
 (pig $\alpha 1, 3GT$)

MNVKGRVLSMLLVSTVMVWFEYINSPEGSFLWIYQSKNPEV--GSSAQKQWFPWFNNGTHSY-HEE
 EDAIGNEK----EQRKEDNRGELPLVDWFPNPKRPEVVTITRWKAPVWEGTYNRAVLNYYAKQKITVG
 LTVFAVGRIYIEHYLEEFLISANTYFMVGHVIFYIMVDDVSRMPLIELGPLRSFKVFEIKSEKRWDISM
 MRMTIGEHIHAHQREVDVFLCMDVDQVFQDFGVETLGQSVQALQAWMYKADPDEFTYERRKESAAYI
 PFGEQDFYYHAAIFGGTPTQVLNITQECFKGILQDKENDIEAEWHDSEHLNKYFLLNKPTKILSPEYCW
 YHIGMSVDIRIVKIAWQKKEYNLVRNNI

SEQ. ID NO:11
 (mouse $\alpha 1, 3GT$)

MNVKGVKILLMLIVSTVVVWFEYVNR-----PEV-GENRWQKDWFPWFNNGTHSY-QED
 NVEGRREK-----GRNGDRIEELPQWDFNPKRNPDLTVTPWKAPVWEGTYDALLKYYATQKLTVG
 LTVFAVGRIYIEHYLEEFLISADMYFMVGHVIFYIMVDDVSRMPLIELGQVFEIRSEKRWDISM
 MRMTIGEHIHAHQREVDVFLCMDVDQVFQDFGVETLQQLVAQLQAWMYKASPEKFTYERRELSAAYI
 PFGEQDFYYHAAIFGGTPTQVLNITQECFKGILQDKKNDIEAQWHDSEHLNKYFLLNKPTKILSPEYCW
 YQIGLPSDIKSVKAWQTKKEYNLVRNNV

SEQ. ID NO:12
 (consensus $\alpha 1, 3GT$)

MNVKGVKILSMLVSTVIWVFEYIHSPEGSFLWIYHKNPEV--DDSSAQKDWFPWFNNGIHNYYQEE
 EDTDK-EKGRREEQKEDDTTELRLWDFNPKRPEVMTVQWKAPVWEGTYNKAILENYYAKQKITVG
 LTVFAIGRIYIEHYLEEFLTSANRYFMVGHVIFYIMVDDVSKAPFIELGPLRSFKVFEVKEKRWDISM
 MRMTIGEHIHAHQREVDVFLCMDVDQVFQDFGVETLQSVQALQAWMYKADPDEFTYERRKESAAYI
 PFGEQDFYYHAAIFGGTPTQVLNITQECFKGILDKKNDIEAEWHDSEHLNKYFLLNKPSKILSPEYCW
 YHIGLPSDIKTVKLSWQTKKEYNLVRNNV

SEQ. ID NO:13
 (humanized $\alpha 1, 3GT$)

MNVKGVKILSMLVSTVIWVFEYIHSPEGSFLWIYHKNPEV--DDSSAQKDWFPWFNNGIHNYYQEE
 EDTDK-EKGRREEQKEDDTTELRLWDFNPKRPEVMTVQWKAPVWEGTYNKAILENYYAKQKITVG
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 MRMTIGEHIHAHQREVDVFLCMDVDQVFQDFGVETLQSVQALQAWMYKADPDEFTYERRKESAGYI
 PFGEQDFYYHAAIFGGTPTQVLNITQECFKGILDKKNDIEAEWHDSEHLNKYFLLNKPSKILSPEYCW
 YHIGLPSDIKTVKLSWQTKKEYNLVRNNV

SEQ. ID NO:14
 (marmoset $\alpha 1, 3GT$)

1	atgaatgtcaaggaaaagtaattctgtcgatctggttctcaactgtgattgtgtg	
61	ttttgggaatatatcaacagccagaaggctcttcttggatatactcaagaac	
121	ccagaagtgtatgacagcagtgctcagaaggactggtgttctctggctggttaacaat	
181	gggattccacattatcaacaaggagaagacacagacaaagaaaaaggaagagaggag	
241	gaacaaaaaagggaagatgacacaacagagcttcggctatgggactggtttaaaccgaag	
301	aaacgccagaggttatgacagtgacccaatggaaggcgccggtgtgtggaaggcact	
361	tacaacaaagccatctagaaaattattatgcaaacagaaaattaccgtgggttgacg	
421	gtttttgtctattgga	
436	agatatattgagcattacttggaggaggttcgtaacatctgctaattaggtacttcatggtc	495
496	ggccacaaagtcatattttatgtcatgttgatgtgtctcaaggccgctttatagag	555
556	ctgggtctctctgcttcttcaagtgtttgaggtcaagccagagaagaggtggcaagac	615
616	atcagcatgatgtcgatgaagaccatcgggagcacatcttggccacatccaacacgag	675
676	gttgacttctcttctctgcatggatgtggaccaggtcttccaagaccattttgggtagag	735
736	accctgggagcgtcggtggtcagctacagccctggtgtacaaggcagatcctgatgac	795
796	tttacctatgagaggcggaagagtcggcgacatatattccatttggccaggggatttt	855
856	tattaccatgcagccatttttggaggaaacacgattcagggttctcaacatcaccaggag	915
916	tgctttaagggaatctcttggacaagaaaaatgacatagaagccaggtggcatgatgaa	975
976	agccacctaacaagtatttcttctcaacaaacctctaaaatcttatctccagaatac	1035
1036	tgctgggattatcatataggcctgccttcagatatataaactgtcaagctatcatggcaa	1095
1096	acaaaagagtataatttgggttagaagaatgtctga	1131

SEQ. ID NO:15
(human $\alpha 1$, 3GT pseudogene)

```

1   cagcttgggtttcttccaggaatcccagaggataaatgttttgcctttcttcttggttc 61
62   agataataatgatcattacttggaggagttcataacatctgctaataaggtacttcatggt 121
122  ggccacaaagtcattttatcatcatggtggatgatgtctccaagctgccgtttatagag 181
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242  atcagcatgatgcgtatgaagatcactggggagcacatctggccacatccaacacgag 301
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421  ttaccctaggagaggtggaaagagtcagcaggatacattccatttggcca-ggggatttt 479
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600  agccacctaaacaagtatcttcttcaataaacctctaaaatcttatccctaaaatac 659
660  tgctgggattatcatataggcctgccttcagatattaaaactgtcaagtgatcgtggcag 719
720  acaaaagagtataatttggtagaataatgtctga 755

```

SEQ. ID NO:16
(Humanized $\alpha 1$, 3GT)

```

1   atgaatgtcaaaggaagtaattctgtcgatgctggtgtgtcactgtgattgtgtg 61
61  ttttgggaatatatcaacagcccagaaggctcttcttgtggatatatcactcaagaac 121
121  ccagaagtgtatgacagcagtgctcagaaggactggtggttcttggctgggttaacaat 181
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421  gtttttgcatttggga 495
436  agataatattgatcatttctggaggagttcttaacatctgctaataaggtacttcatggt 555
496  ggccacaaagtcattttatcatcatggtggatgatgtctccaagcgcgggtttatagag 615
556  ctgggtctcttgcgttcttcaaaagtgttggagtcaggccagagaagaggtggcaagac 675
616  atcagcatgatgcgtatgaagatcactggggagcacatcttggccacatccaacacgag 735
676  gtcgacttctcttctgcatggatgtggaccaggctctccaagaccattttggggtggag 795
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916  tgctttaagggaatcctcctggacaagaaaatgacatagaagccagtggtgcatgatgaa 1035
976  agccacctaaacaagtatcttcttcaataaacctctaaaatcttatccctcagaatac 1095
1036  tgctgggattatcatataggcctgccttcagatattaaaactgtcaagtgatcgtggcag 1131
1096  acaaaagagtataatttggtagaataatgtctga

```

SEQ. ID NO:17
(Sheep $\alpha 1$, 3GT)

```

agccgaggagcgcgcggggagccgaggctccggccagccccagcgcgccagcttctg
cagatcagg
agtcagaacgctgcac
cttcgcttctctccagccctgcctccttctgcaaaacggagctcaatagaacttggtact
tttgcctttactctgggaggagagaagcagacgatgaggagaaaata
[beginning of coding sequence]
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gttagaataacgtctga
[end of coding sequence]

```


CLAIMS

What is claimed as the invention is:

1. A polynucleotide comprising an encoding sequence for a glycosyltransferase under control of a heterologous tumor specific or tissue specific transcriptional control element, wherein expression of the polynucleotide in a human cell causes the cell to express a cell-surface carbohydrate determinant to which some or all humans have naturally occurring antibody.
2. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein the glycosyltransferase is a blood group A transferase.
3. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein the glycosyltransferase is a blood group B transferase.
4. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein the glycosyltransferase is an $\alpha(1,3)$ galactosyltransferase.
5. The polynucleotide of claim 1, wherein the encoding sequence encodes either:
 - a polypeptide comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ. ID NOs:3, 5, 6, 12, and 13; or
 - a fragment thereof having galactosyltransferase activity.
6. A polynucleotide comprising an encoding sequence for a human ABO histo blood group transferase under control of a tissue or tumor specific transcriptional control element.
7. The polynucleotide of claims 1-6, wherein the transcriptional control element is a tissue specific promoter, which is a promoter for albumin, α -fetoprotein, prostate-specific antigen (PSA), mitochondrial creatine kinase (MCK), myelin basic protein (MB), glial fibrillary acidic protein (GFAP), or neuron-specific enolase (NSE).
8. The polynucleotide of claims 1-6, wherein the transcriptional control element is a tumor specific promoter, which is a promoter for telomerase reverse transcriptase (TERT), carcinoembryonic antigen (CEA), hypoxia-responsive element (HRE), *Grp78*, L-plastin, or hexokinase II.
9. The polynucleotide of claim 8, wherein the promoter comprises at least 25 consecutive nucleotides in SEQ. ID NO:1.
10. A viral vector comprising the polynucleotide of any preceding claim.
11. The vector of claim 10, which is an adenovirus vector.
12. A humanized or consensus $\alpha(1,3)$ galactosyltransferase, comprising the amino acid sequence shown in SEQ. ID NOs:12 or 13, or a fragment thereof having galactosyltransferase activity.

13. A method of killing a cancer cell, comprising combining the cancer cell with the polynucleotide of any of claims 1-11.
14. A human cell containing the polynucleotide or vector of any of claims 1-11.
15. A medicament comprising the polynucleotide of any of claims 1-11.
16. Use of a polynucleotide according to any of claims 1-11 in the preparation of a medicament for the treatment of cancer.

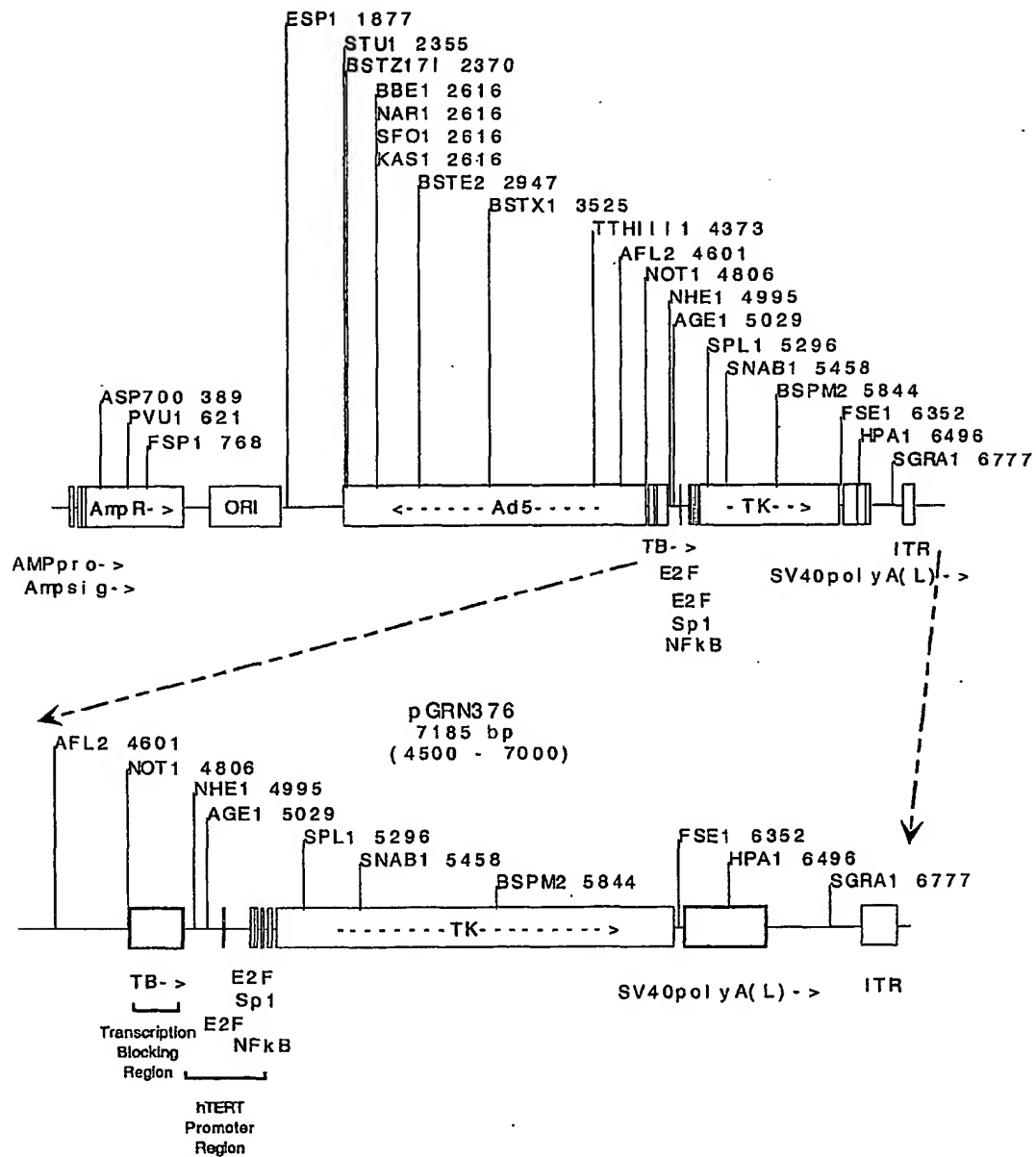
Figure 1**pGRN376**

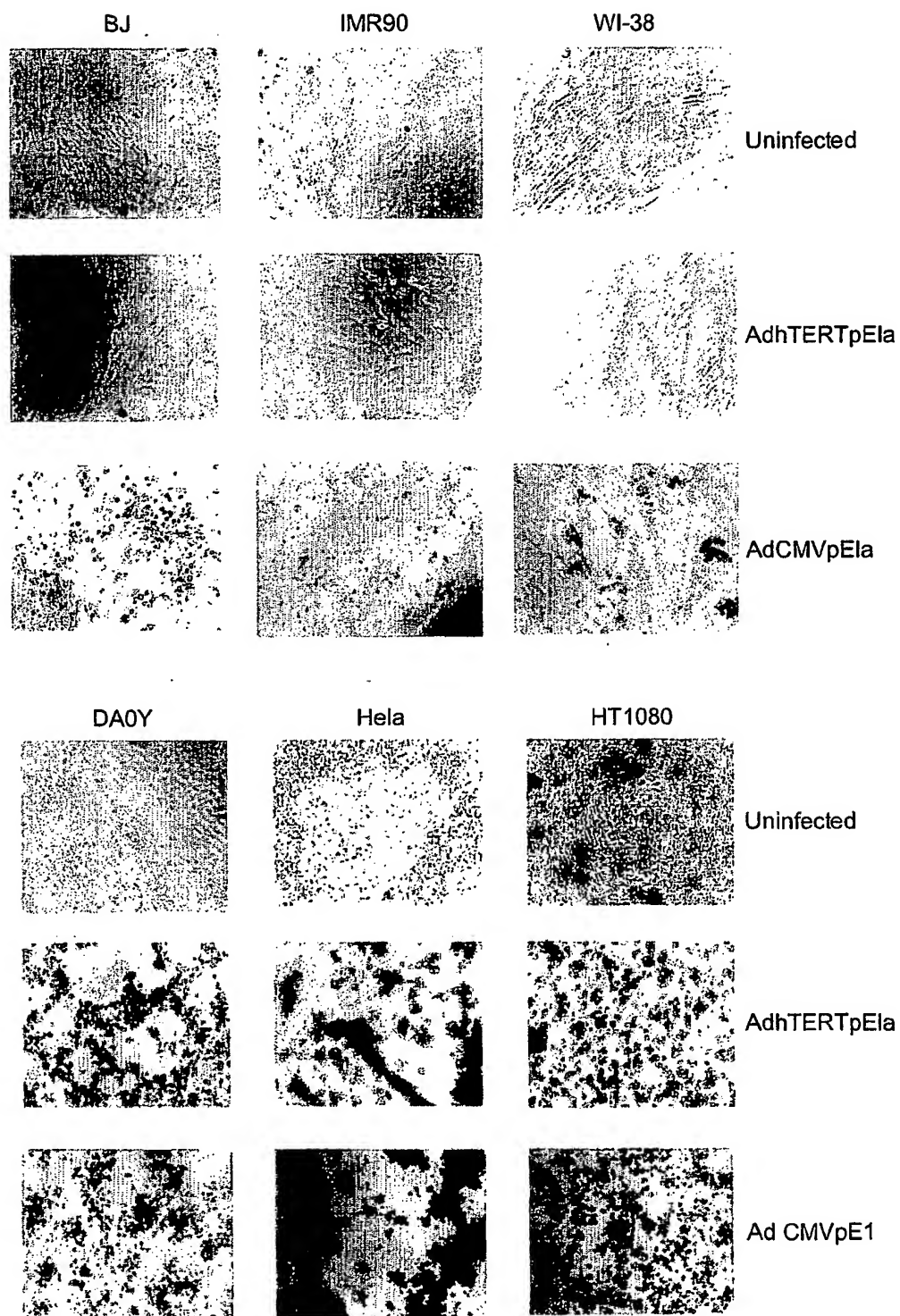
Figure 2

Figure 3(A)

Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$	MNVKGVILSMLVVSTVIVVFWEYINSPEGSFLWIYHSKNPEV-DDSSAQKDWFPQWFNNGIHNYQEE
human pseudogene	.....H.....LF..NP.R...SGG..I..G....R.....--..--..
sheep	.....H.....LF..NP.R...GG..I..G..L.R.....--..-H..
Bovine	.....R.V....L....M.....LF..Q.....-G....RG....S....T.S.-H..
Pig	.....L..I....V.....V.RI-----GENRW.....S..K..T.S.-..D
Mouse	
Consensus $\alpha 1,3GT$	.....
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$	.....
hu B transferase	.AEVLRTLAKPKCHALRPMILFL.MLV-----LVL.GYGVLSPRSLMPGSL
hu A transferase	.AEVLRTLAKPKCHALRPMILFL.MLV-----LVL.GYGVLSPRSLMPGSL
Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$	EDTDK-EKGREEEQKKEDDTTELRLWDWFNPKKRPEVMTVTQWKAPVWEGTYNKAILENYYAKQKITVG
human pseudogene	DEDVDE..EQRK.D.-----SK.K.S.....F....V.M.D.....R.V.DD.....
sheep	DGDINE.....RN..E-SK.K.S.....F....V.M.K.....R.V.D.....
Bovine	..AIGN.....R...NRG..P.V....E....V.I.R.....R.V.D.....
Pig	NVEGRR.....GRNG.RIE.PQ.....N..D.L..P...I.....DT.L..K...T..L..
Mouse	
Consensus $\alpha 1,3GT$	.....V.M.P...I.....R.V.D.....
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$	.....
hu B transferase	.RGFCMAVREPDHLQRVSLPRMVYPQPKVLTTPC.KD.LV..P.L..I....F.ID..NEQFRL.NT.I.
hu A transferase	.RGFCMAVREPDHLQRVSLPRMVYPQPKVLTTPC.KD.LV..P.L..I....F.ID..NEQFRL.NT.I.
Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$	LTVFAIGRYIEHYLEEFVTSANRYFMVGHKVIFYVMDDVSKAPFIELGPLRSFKVFEVKPEKRWQDISM
human pseudogene	..ND.....I.....I.....L.....H..M.....
sheep	.....V.....L....KH....R.....RM.L.....R...V..
Bovine	.....V.....L....KH....P...I.....RM.L.....KI.....
Pig	.....V.....L.I...T.....I...I.RM.L.....I.S.....
Mouse	.....V.K.....D.LE..DM.....R.....I..T.RM.VVH.N..H.LQ...IRS.....
Consensus $\alpha 1,3GT$	.....V.K.....L.....R...I.....RM.L.....I.S.....V..
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$	.....D.....L.....I.....
hu B transferase	.....KK.VA-F.KL.LET.EKH....R.HY..FT.QPAAV.RVT..TG.QLS.L..GAY....V..
hu A transferase	.....KK.VA-F.KL.LET.EKH....R.HY..FT.QLAAV.RVT..TG.QLS.L..RAY....V..

Figure 3(B)

Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$	MRMKTIGEHLAHIQHEVDFLFCMDVDQVFQDHFVETLGQSVAQLQAWYKADPDFTYERRKESAAYI
human pseudogene	....IT.....*R....Y...*W...G...
sheep	V.....V....R.....E.....E.....E.....
Bovine	.....V.....K.....E.....N.....
Pig	.....NN.....H..E.....
Mouse	.....N.....L.....S.EK.....EL.....
Consensus $\alpha 1,3GT$	.....N.....E.....
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$	....IT.....G...
hu B transferase	R..EM.SDFCERRFLS...Y.V.V...ME.R..V...I.TPLFGT.HPSF.GSSREA.....PQ.Q...
hu A transferase	R..EM.SDFCERRFLS...Y.V.V...ME.R..V...I.TPLFGT.HPGF.GSSREA.....PQ.Q...
Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$	PFGQGDFFYYHAAIFGGTPIQVLNITQECFKGILLDKKNDIEAEWHDESHLNKYFLLNKPSKILSPEYCW
human pseudogene	...*.....S.....K.....LK...
sheep	...E.....T.....K.....Q.....T.....
Bovine	...E.....T.....K.....Q.....T.....
Pig	...E.....T.....Q..E.....T.....
Mouse	...E.....THI..L.R.....Q...H...Q.....F...T.....
Consensus $\alpha 1,3GT$	...E.....T.....Q.....T.....
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$	.....
hu B transferase	.KDE.....MG.F...SVQE.QRL.RA.HQAMMV.QA.G...V.....L.RH..T.V....L..
hu A transferase	.KDE.....LGGF...SVQE.QRL.RA.HQAMMV.QA.G...V.....L.RH..T.V....L..
Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$	YHIGLPSDIKTVKLSWQTKEYNLVRKNV
human pseudogene	.....*.....N..
sheep	.....A...L..M.....V..N..
Bovine	.....A...L..M.....V..N..
Pig	....MSV..RI..IA..K.....N.I
Mouse	.Q.....S..VA.....N..
Consensus $\alpha 1,3GT$	.....N..
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$	.....
hu B transferase	QQLLGWPAVLRKLRFTAVPKNHQAVR.P
hu A transferase	QQLLGWPAVLRKLRFTAVPKNHQAVR.P

Figure 4(A)

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Marmoset α1,3GT: 436 agatatattgagcattacttggaggagttcgtaacatctgctaataagggtacttcatggtc 495
Human pseudogene: 62 .....a...t.....a.....t 121

Humanized α1,3GT: 436 .....t.....t.....t 121
: 436 agatatattgatcattacttggaggagttcctaatactgctaataagggtacttcatggtt 495

Marmoset α1,3GT: 496 ggccacaaagtcataatatttatgtcatggtggatgatgtctccaaggcgccgtttatagag 555
Human pseudogene: 122 .....ca.....ct..... 181

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Human pseudogene: 182 .....a.....a..... 241

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Human pseudogene: 242 .....t..ct..... 301

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Human pseudogene: 302 ..C.....g... 361

Humanized α1,3GT: 676 ..C.....g... 361
: 676 gtcgacttcctcttctgcatggatgtggaccagggtcttccaagaccattttggggtagag 735

Marmoset α1,3GT: 736 accctgggccagtcggtggctcagctacaggcctggtgtacaaggcagatcctgatgac 795
Human pseudogene: 362 .....a.....a.....-.....C.....ct..... 420

Humanized α1,3GT: 736 .....a.....a.....C..... 420
: 736 accctaggccagtcagtggtcagctacaggcctggtgtacaaggcagatcccgatgac 795

```

Figure 4(B)

Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$:	796	tttacctatgagaggcggaagagtcggcagcatatattccatttggccaggggatttt	855
Human pseudogene:	421	.....g.....t.....a....g...C.....-.....	479
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$:	796	.....a....g...C.....	479
:	796	tttacctatgagaggcggaagagtcaggagatacattccatttggccaggggatttt	855
Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$:	856	tattaccatgcagccatttttggaggaaacaccgattcaggttctcaacatcaccaggag	915
Human pseudogene:	480	.....C.....C.....	539
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$:	856	.....C.....	539
:	856	tattaccatgcagccatttttggaggaaacaccattcaggttctcaacatcaccaggag	915
Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$:	916	tgctttaagggaaatcctcctggacaagaaaaatgacatagaagccgagtggcatgatgaa	975
Human pseudogene:	540	.....a.....	599
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$:	916	.....	599
:	916	tgctttaagggaaatcctcctggacaagaaaaatgacatagaagccgagtggcatgatgaa	975
Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$:	976	agccacctaacaagatatttcttctcaacaaaccctctaaaatcttatctccagaatac	1035
Human pseudogene:	600	.....t.....C.t.a.....	659
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$:	976	.....t.....C.....	659
:	976	agccacctaacaagatatttcttctcaataaaccctctaaaatcttatcccagaatac	1035
Marmoset $\alpha 1,3GT$:	1036	tgctgggattatcatataggcctgccttcagatattaaaactgtcaagctatcatggcaa	1095
Human pseudogene:	660	.....tg...g....g	719
Humanized $\alpha 1,3GT$:	1036	.....g....g	719
:	1036	tgctgggattatcatataggcctgccttcagatattaaaactgtcaagctatcgtggcag	1095
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Schiff, J. Michael

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<151> 2000-11-27

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<211> 1062
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> CDS
<222> (1)..(1062)
<223>
<400> 2

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ctt cga cct atg atc ctt ttc cta ata atg ctt gtc ttg gtc ttg ttt 96
Leu Arg Pro Met Ile Leu Phe Leu Ile Met Leu Val Leu Val Leu Phe
20 25 30
ggg tac ggg gtc cta agc ccc aga agt cta atg cca gga agc ctg gaa 144
Gly Tyr Gly Val Leu Ser Pro Arg Ser Leu Met Pro Gly Ser Leu Glu
35 40 45
cgg ggg ttc tgc atg gct gtt agg gaa cct gac cat ctg cag cgc gtc 192
Arg Gly Phe Cys Met Ala Val Arg Glu Pro Asp His Leu Gln Arg Val
50 55 60
tcg ttg cca agg atg gtc tac ccc cag cca aag gtg ctg aca ccg tgg 240
Ser Leu Pro Arg Met Val Tyr Pro Gln Pro Lys Val Leu Thr Pro Trp
65 70 75 80
aag gat gtc ctc gtg gtg acc cct tgg ctg gct ccc att gtc tgg gag 288
Lys Asp Val Leu Val Val Thr Pro Trp Leu Ala Pro Ile Val Trp Glu
85 90 95
ggc aca ttc aac atc gac atc ctc aac gag cag ttc agg ctc cag aac 336
Gly Thr Phe Asn Ile Asp Ile Leu Asn Glu Gln Phe Arg Leu Gln Asn
100 105 110
acc acc att ggg tta act gtg ttt gcc atc aag aaa tac gtg gct ttc 384
Thr Thr Ile Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Ala Ile Lys Lys Tyr Val Ala Phe
115 120 125
ctg aag ctg ttc ctg gag acg gcg gag aag cac ttc atg gtg ggc cac 432
Leu Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Thr Ala Glu Lys His Phe Met Val Gly His
130 135 140
cgt gtc cac tac tat gtc ttc acc gac cag ctg gcc gcg gtg ccc cgc 480
Arg Val His Tyr Tyr Val Phe Thr Asp Gln Leu Ala Ala Val Pro Arg
145 150 155 160
gtg acg ctg ggg acc ggt cgg cag ctg tca gtg ctg gag gtg cgc gcc 528
Val Thr Leu Gly Thr Gly Arg Gln Leu Ser Val Leu Glu Val Arg Ala

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      165      170      175
tac aag cgc tgg cag gac gtg tcc atg cgc cgc atg gag atg atc agt 576
Tyr Lys Arg Trp Gln Asp Val Ser Met Arg Arg Met Glu Met Ile Ser
      180      185      190
gac ttc tgc gag cgg cgc ttc ctc agc gag gtg gat tac ctg gtg tgc 624
Asp Phe Cys Glu Arg Arg Phe Leu Ser Glu Val Asp Tyr Leu Val Cys
      195      200      205
gtg gac gtg gac atg gag ttc cgc gac cac gtg ggc gtg gag atc ctg 672
Val Asp Val Asp Met Glu Phe Arg Asp His Val Gly Val Glu Ile Leu
      210      215      220
act ccg ctg ttc ggc acc ctg cac ccc ggc ttc tac gga agc agc cgg 720
Thr Pro Leu Phe Gly Thr Leu His Pro Gly Phe Tyr Gly Ser Ser Arg
      225      230      235
gag gcc ttc acc tac gag cgc cgg ccc cag tcc cag gcc tac atc ccc 768
Glu Ala Phe Thr Tyr Glu Arg Arg Pro Gln Ser Gln Ala Tyr Ile Pro
      245      250      255
aag gac gag ggc gat ttc tac tac ctg ggg ggg ttc ttc ggg ggg tcg 816
Lys Asp Glu Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr Leu Gly Gly Phe Phe Gly Gly Ser
      260      265      270
gtg caa gag gtg cag cgg ctc acc agg gcc tgc cac cag gcc atg atg 864
Val Gln Glu Val Gln Arg Leu Thr Arg Ala Cys His Gln Ala Met Met
      275      280      285
gtc gac cag gcc aac ggc atc gag gcc gtg tgg cac gac gag agc cac 912
Val Asp Gln Ala Asn Gly Ile Glu Ala Val Trp His Asp Glu Ser His
      290      295      300
ctg aac aag tac ctg ctg cgc cac aaa ccc acc aag gtg ctc tcc ccc 960
Leu Asn Lys Tyr Leu Leu Arg His Lys Pro Thr Lys Val Leu Ser Pro
      305      310      315
gag tac ttg tgg gac cag cag ctg ctg ggc tgg ccc gcc gtc ctg agg 1008
Glu Tyr Leu Trp Asp Gln Gln Leu Leu Gly Trp Pro Ala Val Leu Arg
      325      330      335
aag ctg agg ttc act gcg gtg ccc aag aac cac cag gcg gtc cgg aac 1056
Lys Leu Arg Phe Thr Ala Val Pro Lys Asn His Gln Ala Val Arg Asn
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ccg tga 1062
Pro

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<210> 3
 <211> 353
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 3

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20      25      30
Gly Tyr Gly Val Leu Ser Pro Arg Ser Leu Met Pro Gly Ser Leu Glu
35      40      45
Arg Gly Phe Cys Met Ala Val Arg Glu Pro Asp His Leu Gln Arg Val
50      55      60
Ser Leu Pro Arg Met Val Tyr Pro Gln Pro Lys Val Leu Thr Pro Trp
65      70      75      80
Lys Asp Val Leu Val Val Thr Pro Trp Leu Ala Pro Ile Val Trp Glu
85      90      95
Gly Thr Phe Asn Ile Asp Ile Leu Asn Glu Gln Phe Arg Leu Gln Asn
100     105     110
Thr Thr Ile Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Ala Ile Lys Lys Tyr Val Ala Phe
115     120     125
Leu Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Thr Ala Glu Lys His Phe Met Val Gly His
130     135     140
Arg Val His Tyr Tyr Val Phe Thr Asp Gln Leu Ala Ala Val Pro Arg
145     150     155     160
Val Thr Leu Gly Thr Gly Arg Gln Leu Ser Val Leu Glu Val Arg Ala
165     170     175
Tyr Lys Arg Trp Gln Asp Val Ser Met Arg Arg Met Glu Met Ile Ser
180     185     190

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Asp Phe Cys Glu Arg Arg Phe Leu Ser Glu Val Asp Tyr Leu Val Cys
 195 200 205
 Val Asp Val Asp Met Glu Phe Arg Asp His Val Gly Val Glu Ile Leu
 210 215 220
 Thr Pro Leu Phe Gly Thr Leu His Pro Gly Phe Tyr Gly Ser Ser Arg
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Ala Phe Thr Tyr Glu Arg Arg Pro Gln Ser Gln Ala Tyr Ile Pro
 245 250 255
 Lys Asp Glu Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr Leu Gly Gly Phe Phe Gly Gly Ser
 260 265 270
 Val Gln Glu Val Gln Arg Leu Thr Arg Ala Cys His Gln Ala Met Met
 275 280 285
 Val Asp Gln Ala Asn Gly Ile Glu Ala Val Trp His Asp Glu Ser His
 290 295 300
 Leu Asn Lys Tyr Leu Leu Arg His Lys Pro Thr Lys Val Leu Ser Pro
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Tyr Leu Trp Asp Gln Gln Leu Leu Gly Trp Pro Ala Val Leu Arg
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 Lys Leu Arg Phe Thr Ala Val Pro Lys Asn His Gln Ala Val Arg Asn
 340 345 350

Pro

<210> 4
 <211> 1065
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<220>
 <221> CDS
 <222> (1)..(1065)
 <223>
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ctt cga cct atg atc ctt ttc cta ata atg ctt gtc ttg gtc ttg ttt	96
Leu Arg Pro Met Ile Leu Phe Leu Ile Met Leu Val Leu Val Leu Phe	
20 25 30	
ggc tac ggg gtc cta agc ccc aga agt cta atg cca gga agc ctg gaa	144
Gly Tyr Gly Val Leu Ser Pro Arg Ser Leu Met Pro Gly Ser Leu Glu	
35 40 45	
cgg ggg ttc tgc atg gct gtt agg gaa cct gac cat ctg cag cgc gtc	192
Arg Gly Phe Cys Met Ala Val Arg Glu Pro Asp His Leu Gln Arg Val	
50 55 60	
tgc ttg cca agg atg gtc tac ccc cag cca aag gtg ctg aca ccg tgt	240
Ser Leu Pro Arg Met Val Tyr Pro Gln Pro Lys Val Leu Thr Pro Cys	
65 70 75 80	
agg aag gat gtc ctc gtg gtg acc cct tgg ctg gct ccc att gtc tgg	288
Arg Lys Asp Val Leu Val Val Thr Pro Trp Leu Ala Pro Ile Val Trp	
85 90 95	
gag ggc acg ttc aac atc gac atc ctc aac gag cag ttc agg ctc cag	336
Glu Gly Thr Phe Asn Ile Asp Ile Leu Asn Glu Gln Phe Arg Leu Gln	
100 105 110	
aac acc acc att ggg tta act gtg ttt gcc atc aag aaa tac gtg gct	384
Asn Thr Thr Ile Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Ala Ile Lys Lys Tyr Val Ala	
115 120 125	
ttc ctg aag ctg ttc ctg gag acg gcg gag aag cac ttc atg gtg ggc	432
Phe Leu Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Thr Ala Glu Lys His Phe Met Val Gly	
130 135 140	
cac cgt gtc cac tac tat gtc ttc acc gac cag ccg gcc gcg gtg ccc	480
His Arg Val His Tyr Tyr Val Phe Thr Asp Gln Pro Ala Ala Val Pro	
145 150 155 160	
cgc gtg acg ctg ggg acc ggt cgg cag ctg tca gtg ctg gag gtg ggc	528
Arg Val Thr Leu Gly Thr Gly Arg Gln Leu Ser Val Leu Glu Val Gly	
165 170 175	
gcc tac aag cgc tgg cag gac gtg tcc atg cgc cgc atg gag atg atc	576
Ala Tyr Lys Arg Trp Gln Asp Val Ser Met Arg Arg Met Glu Met Ile	
180 185 190	
agt gac ttc tgc gag cgg cgc ttc ctc agc gag gtg gat tac ctg gtg	624
Ser Asp Phe Cys Glu Arg Arg Phe Leu Ser Glu Val Asp Tyr Leu Val	

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      195      200      205
tgc gtg gac gtg gac atg gag ttc cgc gac cat gtg ggc gtg gag atc 672
Cys Val Asp Val Asp Met Glu Phe Arg Asp His Val Gly Val Glu Ile
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ctg act ccg ctg ttc ggc acc ctg cac ccc agc ttc tac gga agc agc 720
Leu Thr Pro Leu Phe Gly Thr Leu His Pro Ser Phe Tyr Gly Ser Ser
      225      230      235      240
cgg gag gcc ttc acc tac gag cgc cgg ccc cag tcc cag gcc tac atc 768
Arg Glu Ala Phe Thr Tyr Glu Arg Arg Pro Gln Ser Gln Ala Tyr Ile
      245      250      255
ccc aag gac gag ggc gat ttc tac tac atg ggg gcg ttc ttc ggg ggg 816
Pro Lys Asp Glu Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr Met Gly Ala Phe Phe Gly Gly
      260      265      270
tcg gtg caa gag gtg cag cgg ctc acc agg gcc tgc cac cag gcc atg 864
Ser Val Gln Glu Val Gln Arg Leu Thr Arg Ala Cys His Gln Ala Met
      275      280      285
atg gtc gac cag gcc aac ggc atc gag gcc gtg tgg cac gac gag agc 912
Met Val Asp Gln Ala Asn Gly Ile Glu Ala Val Trp His Asp Glu Ser
      290      295      300
cac ctg aac aag tac cta ctg cgc cac aaa ccc acc aag gtg ctc tcc 960
His Leu Asn Lys Tyr Leu Leu Arg His Lys Pro Thr Lys Val Leu Ser
      305      310      315      320
ccc gag tac ttg tgg gac cag cag ctg ctg ggc tgg ccc gcc gtc ctg 1008
Pro Glu Tyr Leu Trp Asp Gln Leu Leu Gly Trp Pro Ala Val Leu
      325      330      335
agg aag ctg agg ttc act gcg gtg ccc aag aac cac cag gcg gtc cgg 1056
Arg Lys Leu Arg Phe Thr Ala Val Pro Lys Asn His Gln Ala Val Arg
      340      345      350
aac ccg tga 1065
Asn Pro

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<210> 5
<211> 354
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens
<400> 5

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Met Ala Glu Val Leu Arg Thr Leu Ala Gly Lys Pro Lys Cys His Ala
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20     25     30
Gly Tyr Gly Val Leu Ser Pro Arg Ser Leu Met Pro Gly Ser Leu Glu
35     40     45
Arg Gly Phe Cys Met Ala Val Arg Glu Pro Asp His Leu Gln Arg Val
50     55     60
Ser Leu Pro Arg Met Val Tyr Pro Gln Pro Lys Val Leu Thr Pro Cys
65     70     75     80
Arg Lys Asp Val Leu Val Val Thr Pro Trp Leu Ala Pro Ile Val Trp
85     90     95
Glu Gly Thr Phe Asn Ile Asp Ile Leu Asn Glu Gln Phe Arg Leu Gln
100    105    110
Asn Thr Thr Ile Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Ala Ile Lys Lys Tyr Val Ala
115    120    125
Phe Leu Lys Leu Phe Leu Glu Thr Ala Glu Lys His Phe Met Val Gly
130    135    140
His Arg Val His Tyr Tyr Val Phe Thr Asp Gln Pro Ala Ala Val Pro
145    150    155    160
Arg Val Thr Leu Gly Thr Gly Arg Gln Leu Ser Val Leu Glu Val Gly
165    170    175
Ala Tyr Lys Arg Trp Gln Asp Val Ser Met Arg Arg Met Glu Met Ile
180    185    190
Ser Asp Phe Cys Glu Arg Arg Phe Leu Ser Glu Val Asp Tyr Leu Val
195    200    205
Cys Val Asp Val Asp Met Glu Phe Arg Asp His Val Gly Val Glu Ile
210    215    220

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Leu Thr Pro Leu Phe Gly Thr Leu His Pro Ser Phe Tyr Gly Ser Ser
 225 230 235 240
 Arg Glu Ala Phe Thr Tyr Glu Arg Arg Pro Gln Ser Gln Ala Tyr Ile
 245 250 255
 Pro Lys Asp Glu Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr Met Gly Ala Phe Phe Gly Gly
 260 265 270
 Ser Val Gln Glu Val Gln Arg Leu Thr Arg Ala Cys His Gln Ala Met
 275 280 285
 Met Val Asp Gln Ala Asn Gly Ile Glu Ala Val Trp His Asp Glu Ser
 290 295 300
 His Leu Asn Lys Tyr Leu Leu Arg His Lys Pro Thr Lys Val Leu Ser
 305 310 315 320
 Pro Glu Tyr Leu Trp Asp Gln Gln Leu Leu Gly Trp Pro Ala Val Leu
 325 330 335
 Arg Lys Leu Arg Phe Thr Ala Val Pro Lys Asn His Gln Ala Val Arg
 340 345 350

Asn Pro

<210> 6
 <211> 376
 <212> PRT
 <213> *Platyrrhinus helleri*

<400> 6

Met Asn Val Lys Gly Lys Val Ile Leu Ser Met Leu Val Val Ser Thr
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 Val Ile Val Val Phe Trp Glu Tyr Ile Asn Ser Pro Glu Gly Ser Phe
 20 25 30
 Leu Trp Ile Tyr His Ser Lys Asn Pro Glu Val Asp Asp Ser Ser Ala
 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Asp Trp Trp Phe Pro Gly Trp Phe Asn Asn Gly Ile His Asn
 50 55 60
 Tyr Gln Gln Glu Glu Glu Asp Thr Asp Lys Glu Lys Gly Arg Glu Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Gln Lys Lys Glu Asp Asp Thr Thr Glu Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp Trp
 85 90 95
 Phe Asn Pro Lys Lys Arg Pro Glu Val Met Thr Val Thr Gln Trp Lys
 100 105 110
 Ala Pro Val Val Trp Glu Gly Thr Tyr Asn Lys Ala Ile Leu Glu Asn
 115 120 125
 Tyr Tyr Ala Lys Gln Lys Ile Thr Val Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Ala Ile
 130 135 140
 Gly Arg Tyr Ile Glu His Tyr Leu Glu Glu Phe Val Thr Ser Ala Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Tyr Phe Met Val Gly His Lys Val Ile Phe Tyr Val Met Val Asp
 165 170 175
 Asp Val Ser Lys Ala Pro Phe Ile Glu Leu Gly Pro Leu Arg Ser Phe
 180 185 190
 Lys Val Phe Glu Val Lys Pro Glu Lys Arg Trp Gln Asp Ile Ser Met
 195 200 205
 Met Arg Met Lys Thr Ile Gly Glu His Ile Leu Ala His Ile Gln His
 210 215 220
 Glu Val Asp Phe Leu Phe Cys Met Asp Val Asp Gln Val Phe Gln Asp
 225 230 235 240
 His Phe Gly Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Gln Ser Val Ala Gln Leu Gln Ala
 245 250 255

Trp Trp Tyr Lys Ala Asp Pro Asp Asp Phe Thr Tyr Glu Arg Arg Lys
 260 265 270
 Glu Ser Ala Ala Tyr Ile Pro Phe Gly Gln Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr His
 275 280 285
 Ala Ala Ile Phe Gly Gly Thr Pro Ile Gln Val Leu Asn Ile Thr Gln
 290 295 300
 Glu Cys Phe Lys Gly Ile Leu Leu Asp Lys Lys Asn Asp Ile Glu Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Trp His Asp Glu Ser His Leu Asn Lys Tyr Phe Leu Leu Asn Lys
 325 330 335
 Pro Ser Lys Ile Leu Ser Pro Glu Tyr Cys Trp Asp Tyr His Ile Gly
 340 345 350
 Leu Pro Ser Asp Ile Lys Thr Val Lys Leu Ser Trp Gln Thr Lys Glu
 355 360 365
 Tyr Asn Leu Val Arg Lys Asn Val
 370 375

<210> 7
 <211> 227
 <212> PRT
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 7

Arg Tyr Asn Asp His Tyr Leu Glu Glu Phe Ile Thr Ser Ala Asn Arg
 1 5 10 15
 Tyr Phe Met Val Gly His Lys Val Ile Phe Tyr Ile Met Val Asp Asp
 20 25 30
 Val Ser Lys Leu Pro Phe Ile Glu Leu Gly Pro Leu His Ser Phe Lys
 35 40 45
 Met Phe Glu Val Lys Pro Glu Lys Arg Trp Gln Asp Ile Ser Met Met
 50 55 60
 Arg Met Lys Ile Thr Gly Glu His Ile Leu Ala His Ile Gln His Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Val Asp Phe Leu Phe Cys Met Asp Val Asp Gln Val Phe Gln Asp His
 85 90 95
 Phe Gly Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Gln Ser Val Ala Gln Leu Gln Trp Arg
 100 105 110
 Tyr Lys Ala Asp Pro Tyr Asp Phe Thr Glu Arg Trp Lys Glu Ser Ala
 115 120 125
 Gly Tyr Ile Pro Phe Gly Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr His Ala Ala Ile Ser
 130 135 140
 Gly Gly Thr Pro Ile Gln Val Leu Asn Ile Thr Gln Glu Cys Phe Lys
 145 150 155 160
 Gly Ile Leu Leu Asp Lys Lys Asn Asp Ile Glu Ala Lys Trp His Asp
 165 170 175
 Glu Ser His Leu Asn Lys Tyr Phe Leu Leu Asn Lys Pro Ser Lys Ile
 180 185 190
 Leu Ser Leu Lys Tyr Cys Trp Asp Tyr His Ile Gly Leu Pro Ser Asp
 195 200 205
 Ile Lys Thr Val Lys Ser Trp Gln Thr Lys Glu Tyr Asn Leu Val Arg
 210 215 220
 Asn Asn Val
 225

<210> 8
 <211> 369
 <212> PRT

<213> Ovis aries

<400> 8

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Met Asn Val Lys Gly Lys Val Ile Leu Ser Met Leu Val Val Ser Thr
1      5      10      15
Val Ile Val Val Phe Trp Glu Tyr Ile His Ser Pro Glu Gly Ser Leu
20      25      30
Phe Trp Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Asn Pro Glu Val Ser Gly Gly Ser Ser
35      40      45
Ile Gln Lys Gly Trp Trp Phe Pro Arg Trp Phe Asn Asn Gly Tyr Gln
50      55      60
Glu Glu Asp Glu Asp Val Asp Glu Glu Lys Glu Gln Arg Lys Glu Asp
65      70      75      80
Lys Ser Lys Leu Lys Leu Ser Asp Trp Phe Asn Pro Phe Lys Arg Pro
85      90      95
Glu Val Val Thr Met Thr Asp Trp Lys Ala Pro Val Val Trp Glu Gly
100     105     110
Thr Tyr Asn Arg Ala Val Leu Asp Asp Tyr Tyr Ala Lys Gln Lys Ile
115     120     125
Thr Val Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Ala Val Gly Arg Tyr Ile Glu His Tyr
130     135     140
Leu Glu Glu Phe Leu Thr Ser Ala Asn Lys His Phe Met Val Gly His
145     150     155     160
Arg Val Ile Phe Tyr Val Met Val Asp Asp Val Ser Arg Met Pro Leu
165     170     175
Ile Glu Leu Gly Pro Leu Arg Ser Phe Lys Val Phe Glu Val Lys Pro
180     185     190
Glu Arg Arg Trp Gln Asp Val Ser Met Val Arg Met Lys Thr Ile Gly
195     200     205
Glu His Ile Val Ala His Ile Gln Arg Glu Val Asp Phe Leu Phe Cys
210     215     220
Met Asp Val Asp Gln Val Phe Gln Asp Glu Phe Gly Val Glu Thr Leu
225     230     235     240
Gly Glu Ser Val Ala Gln Leu Gln Ala Trp Trp Tyr Lys Ala Asp Pro
245     250     255
Asp Glu Phe Thr Tyr Glu Arg Arg Lys Glu Ser Ala Ala Tyr Ile Pro
260     265     270
Phe Gly Glu Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr His Ala Ala Ile Phe Gly Gly Thr
275     280     285
Pro Thr Gln Val Leu Asn Ile Thr Gln Glu Cys Phe Lys Gly Ile Leu
290     295     300
Lys Asp Lys Lys Asn Asp Ile Glu Ala Gln Trp His Asp Glu Ser His
305     310     315     320
Leu Asn Lys Tyr Phe Leu Leu Asn Lys Pro Thr Lys Ile Leu Ser Pro
325     330     335
Glu Tyr Cys Trp Asp Tyr His Ile Gly Leu Pro Ala Asp Ile Lys Leu
340     345     350
Val Lys Met Ser Trp Gln Thr Lys Glu Tyr Asn Val Val Arg Asn Asn
355     360     365
Val

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<210> 9

<211> 368

<212> PRT

<213> Bos taurus

<400> 9

Met Asn Val Lys Gly Lys Val Ile Leu Ser Met Leu Val Val Ser Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Val Ile Val Val Phe Trp Glu Tyr Ile His Ser Pro Glu Gly Ser Leu
 20 25 30
 Phe Trp Ile Asn Pro Ser Arg Asn Pro Glu Val Gly Gly Ser Ser Ile
 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Gly Trp Trp Leu Pro Arg Trp Phe Asn Asn Gly Tyr His Glu
 50 55 60
 Glu Asp Gly Asp Ile Asn Glu Glu Lys Glu Gln Arg Asn Glu Asp Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Ser Lys Leu Lys Leu Ser Asp Trp Phe Asn Pro Phe Lys Arg Pro Glu
 85 90 95
 Val Val Thr Met Thr Lys Trp Lys Ala Pro Val Val Trp Glu Gly Thr
 100 105 110
 Tyr Asn Arg Ala Val Leu Asp Asn Tyr Tyr Ala Lys Gln Lys Ile Thr
 115 120 125
 Val Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Ala Val Gly Arg Tyr Ile Glu His Tyr Leu
 130 135 140
 Glu Glu Phe Leu Thr Ser Ala Asn Lys His Phe Met Val Gly His Pro
 145 150 155 160
 Val Ile Phe Tyr Ile Met Val Asp Asp Val Ser Arg Met Pro Leu Ile
 165 170 175
 Glu Leu Gly Pro Leu Arg Ser Phe Lys Val Phe Lys Ile Lys Pro Glu
 180 185 190
 Lys Arg Trp Gln Asp Ile Ser Met Met Arg Met Lys Thr Ile Gly Glu
 195 200 205
 His Ile Val Ala His Ile Gln His Glu Val Asp Phe Leu Phe Cys Met
 210 215 220
 Asp Val Asp Gln Val Phe Gln Asp Lys Phe Gly Val Glu Thr Leu Gly
 225 230 235 240
 Glu Ser Val Ala Gln Leu Gln Ala Trp Trp Tyr Lys Ala Asp Pro Asn
 245 250 255
 Asp Phe Thr Tyr Glu Arg Arg Lys Glu Ser Ala Ala Tyr Ile Pro Phe
 260 265 270
 Gly Glu Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr His Ala Ala Ile Phe Gly Gly Thr Pro
 275 280 285
 Thr Gln Val Leu Asn Ile Thr Gln Glu Cys Phe Lys Gly Ile Leu Lys
 290 295 300
 Asp Lys Lys Asn Asp Ile Glu Ala Gln Trp His Asp Glu Ser His Leu
 305 310 315 320
 Asn Lys Tyr Phe Leu Leu Asn Lys Pro Thr Lys Ile Leu Ser Pro Glu
 325 330 335
 Tyr Cys Trp Asp Tyr His Ile Gly Leu Pro Ala Asp Ile Lys Leu Val
 340 345 350
 Lys Met Ser Trp Gln Thr Lys Glu Tyr Asn Val Val Arg Asn Asn Val
 355 360 365

<210> 10
 <211> 371
 <212> PRT
 <213> Sus scrofa

<400> 10

Met Asn Val Lys Gly Arg Val Val Leu Ser Met Leu Leu Val Ser Thr
 1 5 10 15

Val Met Val Val Phe Trp Glu Tyr Ile Asn Ser Pro Glu Gly Ser Leu
 20 25 30
 Phe Trp Ile Tyr Gln Ser Lys Asn Pro Glu Val Gly Ser Ser Ala Gln
 35 40 45
 Arg Gly Trp Trp Phe Pro Ser Trp Phe Asn Asn Gly Thr His Ser Tyr
 50 55 60
 His Glu Glu Glu Asp Ala Ile Gly Asn Glu Lys Glu Gln Arg Lys Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Asp Asn Arg Gly Glu Leu Pro Leu Val Asp Trp Phe Asn Pro Glu Lys
 85 90 95
 Arg Pro Glu Val Val Thr Ile Thr Arg Trp Lys Ala Pro Val Val Trp
 100 105 110
 Glu Gly Thr Tyr Asn Arg Ala Val Leu Asp Asn Tyr Tyr Ala Lys Gln
 115 120 125
 Lys Ile Thr Val Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Ala Val Gly Arg Tyr Ile Glu
 130 135 140
 His Tyr Leu Glu Glu Phe Leu Ile Ser Ala Asn Thr Tyr Phe Met Val
 145 150 155 160
 Gly His Lys Val Ile Phe Tyr Ile Met Val Asp Asp Ile Ser Arg Met
 165 170 175
 Pro Leu Ile Glu Leu Gly Pro Leu Arg Ser Phe Lys Val Phe Glu Ile
 180 185 190
 Lys Ser Glu Lys Arg Trp Gln Asp Ile Ser Met Met Arg Met Lys Thr
 195 200 205
 Ile Gly Glu His Ile Leu Ala His Ile Gln His Glu Val Asp Phe Leu
 210 215 220
 Phe Cys Met Asp Val Asp Gln Val Phe Gln Asn Asn Phe Gly Val Glu
 225 230 235 240
 Thr Leu Gly Gln Ser Val Ala Gln Leu Gln Ala Trp Trp Tyr Lys Ala
 245 250 255
 His Pro Asp Glu Phe Thr Tyr Glu Arg Arg Lys Glu Ser Ala Ala Tyr
 260 265 270
 Ile Pro Phe Gly Gln Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr His Ala Ala Ile Phe Gly
 275 280 285
 Gly Thr Pro Thr Gln Val Leu Asn Ile Thr Gln Glu Cys Phe Lys Gly
 290 295 300
 Ile Leu Gln Asp Lys Glu Asn Asp Ile Glu Ala Glu Trp His Asp Glu
 305 310 315 320
 Ser His Leu Asn Lys Tyr Phe Leu Leu Asn Lys Pro Thr Lys Ile Leu
 325 330 335
 Ser Pro Glu Tyr Cys Trp Asp Tyr His Ile Gly Met Ser Val Asp Ile
 340 345 350
 Arg Ile Val Lys Ile Ala Trp Gln Lys Lys Glu Tyr Asn Leu Val Arg
 355 360 365
 Asn Asn Ile
 370

<210> 11
 <211> 359
 <212> PRT
 <213> Mus musculus

<400> 11

Met Asn Val Lys Gly Lys Val Ile Leu Leu Met Leu Ile Val Ser Thr
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 Val Val Val Val Phe Trp Glu Tyr Val Asn Arg Ile Pro Glu Val Gly

20 25 30
 Glu Asn Arg Trp Gln Lys Asp Trp Trp Phe Pro Ser Trp Phe Lys Asn
 35 40 45
 Gly Thr His Ser Tyr Gln Glu Asp Asn Val Glu Gly Arg Arg Glu Lys
 50 55 60
 Gly Arg Asn Gly Asp Arg Ile Glu Glu Pro Gln Leu Trp Asp Trp Phe
 65 70 75 80
 Asn Pro Lys Asn Arg Pro Asp Val Leu Thr Val Thr Pro Trp Lys Ala
 85 90 95
 Pro Ile Val Trp Glu Gly Thr Tyr Asp Thr Ala Leu Leu Glu Lys Tyr
 100 105 110
 Tyr Ala Thr Gln Lys Leu Thr Val Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Ala Val Gly
 115 120 125
 Lys Tyr Ile Glu His Tyr Leu Glu Asp Phe Leu Glu Ser Ala Asp Met
 130 135 140
 Tyr Phe Met Val Gly His Arg Val Ile Phe Tyr Val Met Ile Asp Asp
 145 150 155 160
 Thr Ser Arg Met Pro Val Val His Leu Asn Pro Leu His Ser Leu Gln
 165 170 175
 Val Phe Glu Ile Arg Ser Glu Lys Arg Trp Gln Asp Ile Ser Met Met
 180 185 190
 Arg Met Lys Thr Ile Gly Glu His Ile Leu Ala His Ile Gln His Glu
 195 200 205
 Val Asp Phe Leu Phe Cys Met Asp Val Asp Gln Val Phe Gln Asp Asn
 210 215 220
 Phe Gly Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Gln Leu Val Ala Gln Leu Gln Ala Trp
 225 230 235 240
 Trp Tyr Lys Ala Ser Pro Glu Lys Phe Thr Tyr Glu Arg Arg Glu Leu
 245 250 255
 Ser Ala Ala Tyr Ile Pro Phe Gly Glu Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr His Ala
 260 265 270
 Ala Ile Phe Gly Gly Thr Pro Thr His Ile Leu Asn Leu Thr Arg Glu
 275 280 285
 Cys Phe Lys Gly Ile Leu Gln Asp Lys Lys His Asp Ile Glu Ala Gln
 290 295 300
 Trp His Asp Glu Ser His Leu Asn Lys Tyr Phe Leu Phe Asn Lys Pro
 305 310 315 320
 Thr Lys Ile Leu Ser Pro Glu Tyr Cys Trp Asp Tyr Gln Ile Gly Leu
 325 330 335
 Pro Ser Asp Ile Lys Ser Val Lys Val Ala Trp Gln Thr Lys Glu Tyr
 340 345 350
 Asn Leu Val Arg Asn Asn Val
 355

<210> 12
 <211> 376
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial

<400> 12

Met Asn Val Lys Gly Lys Val Ile Leu Ser Met Leu Val Val Ser Thr
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 Val Ile Val Val Phe Trp Glu Tyr Ile Asn Ser Pro Glu Gly Ser Phe
 20 25 30
 Leu Trp Ile Tyr His Ser Lys Asn Pro Glu Val Asp Asp Ser Ser Ala
 35 40 45

Gln Lys Asp Trp Trp Phe Pro Gly Trp Phe Asn Asn Gly Ile His Asn
 50 55 60
 Tyr Gln Gln Glu Glu Glu Asp Thr Asp Lys Glu Lys Gly Arg Glu Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Gln Lys Lys Glu Asp Asp Thr Thr Glu Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp Trp
 85 90 95
 Phe Asn Pro Lys Lys Arg Pro Glu Val Met Thr Val Thr Gln Trp Lys
 100 105 110
 Ala Pro Val Val Trp Glu Gly Thr Tyr Asn Lys Ala Ile Leu Glu Asn
 115 120 125
 Tyr Tyr Ala Lys Gln Lys Ile Thr Val Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Ala Ile
 130 135 140
 Gly Arg Tyr Ile Glu His Tyr Leu Glu Glu Phe Leu Thr Ser Ala Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Tyr Phe Met Val Gly His Lys Val Ile Phe Tyr Val Met Val Asp
 165 170 175
 Asp Val Ser Lys Ala Pro Phe Ile Glu Leu Gly Pro Leu Arg Ser Phe
 180 185 190
 Lys Val Phe Glu Val Lys Pro Glu Lys Arg Trp Gln Asp Ile Ser Met
 195 200 205
 Met Arg Met Lys Thr Ile Gly Glu His Ile Leu Ala His Ile Gln His
 210 215 220
 Glu Val Asp Phe Leu Phe Cys Met Asp Val Asp Gln Val Phe Gln Asp
 225 230 235 240
 His Phe Gly Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Gln Ser Val Ala Gln Leu Gln Ala
 245 250 255
 Trp Trp Tyr Lys Ala Asp Pro Asp Asp Phe Thr Tyr Glu Arg Arg Lys
 260 265 270
 Glu Ser Ala Ala Tyr Ile Pro Phe Gly Gln Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr His
 275 280 285
 Ala Ala Ile Phe Gly Gly Thr Pro Ile Gln Val Leu Asn Ile Thr Gln
 290 295 300
 Glu Cys Phe Lys Gly Ile Leu Leu Asp Lys Lys Asn Asp Ile Glu Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Trp His Asp Glu Ser His Leu Asn Lys Tyr Phe Leu Leu Asn Lys
 325 330 335
 Pro Ser Lys Ile Leu Ser Pro Glu Tyr Cys Trp Asp Tyr His Ile Gly
 340 345 350
 Leu Pro Ser Asp Ile Lys Thr Val Lys Leu Ser Trp Gln Thr Lys Glu
 355 360 365
 Tyr Asn Leu Val Arg Lys Asn Val
 370 375

<210> 13
 <211> 376
 <212> PRT
 <213> Artificial

<400> 13

Met Asn Val Lys Gly Lys Val Ile Leu Ser Met Leu Val Val Ser Thr
 1 5 10 15
 Val Ile Val Val Phe Trp Glu Tyr Ile Asn Ser Pro Glu Gly Ser Phe
 20 25 30
 Leu Trp Ile Tyr His Ser Lys Asn Pro Glu Val Asp Asp Ser Ser Ala
 35 40 45
 Gln Lys Asp Trp Trp Phe Pro Gly Trp Phe Asn Asn Gly Ile His Asn
 50 55 60

Tyr Gln Gln Glu Glu Glu Asp Thr Asp Lys Glu Lys Gly Arg Glu Glu
 65 70 75 80
 Glu Gln Lys Lys Glu Asp Asp Thr Thr Glu Leu Arg Leu Trp Asp Trp
 85 90 95
 Phe Asn Pro Lys Lys Arg Pro Glu Val Met Thr Val Thr Gln Trp Lys
 100 105 110
 Ala Pro Val Val Trp Glu Gly Thr Tyr Asn Lys Ala Ile Leu Glu Asn
 115 120 125
 Tyr Tyr Ala Lys Gln Lys Ile Thr Val Gly Leu Thr Val Phe Ala Ile
 130 135 140
 Gly Arg Tyr Ile Asp His Tyr Leu Glu Glu Phe Leu Thr Ser Ala Asn
 145 150 155 160
 Arg Tyr Phe Met Val Gly His Lys Val Ile Phe Tyr Ile Met Val Asp
 165 170 175
 Asp Val Ser Lys Ala Pro Phe Ile Glu Leu Gly Pro Leu Arg Ser Phe
 180 185 190
 Lys Val Phe Glu Val Lys Pro Glu Lys Arg Trp Gln Asp Ile Ser Met
 195 200 205
 Met Arg Met Lys Ile Thr Gly Glu His Ile Leu Ala His Ile Gln His
 210 215 220
 Glu Val Asp Phe Leu Phe Cys Met Asp Val Asp Gln Val Phe Gln Asp
 225 230 235 240
 His Phe Gly Val Glu Thr Leu Gly Gln Ser Val Ala Gln Leu Gln Ala
 245 250 255
 Trp Trp Tyr Lys Ala Asp Pro Asp Asp Phe Thr Tyr Glu Arg Arg Lys
 260 265 270
 Glu Ser Ala Gly Tyr Ile Pro Phe Gly Gln Gly Asp Phe Tyr Tyr His
 275 280 285
 Ala Ala Ile Phe Gly Gly Thr Pro Ile Gln Val Leu Asn Ile Thr Gln
 290 295 300
 Glu Cys Phe Lys Gly Ile Leu Leu Asp Lys Lys Asn Asp Ile Glu Ala
 305 310 315 320
 Glu Trp His Asp Glu Ser His Leu Asn Lys Tyr Phe Leu Leu Asn Lys
 325 330 335
 Pro Ser Lys Ile Leu Ser Pro Glu Tyr Cys Trp Asp Tyr His Ile Gly
 340 345 350
 Leu Pro Ser Asp Ile Lys Thr Val Lys Leu Ser Trp Gln Thr Lys Glu
 355 360 365
 Tyr Asn Leu Val Arg Lys Asn Val
 370 375

<210> 14
 <211> 1131
 <212> DNA
 <213> *Platyrrhinus helleri*

<400> 14

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ccagaagttg atgacagcag tgctcagaag gactggtggt ttcctggctg gtttaacaat	180
gggatccaca attatcaaca agaggaagaa gacacagaca aagaaaaagg aagagaggag	240
gaacaaaaaa aggaagatga cacaaacagag cttcggctat gggactggtt taatccaaag	300
aaacgcccag aggttatgac agtgacccaa tggaaaggcg cggttgtgtg ggaaggcact	360
tacaacaaag ccacctaga aaattattat gccaaacaga aaattaccgt ggggttgacg	420
gtttttgcta ttggaagata tattgagcat tacttgagg agttcgtaac atctgcta	480
aggtaactca tggtcggcca caaagtcata ttttatgtca tgggtggatga tgtctccaag	540
gcgccgttta tagagctggg tcctctgcgt tccttcaaag tgtttgaggt caagccagag	600
aagaggtggc aagacatcag catgatgcgt atgaagacca tcggggagca catcttgccc	660
cacatccaac acgaggttga cttcctcttc tgcattgatg tggaccaggt cttccaagac	720
cattttgggg tagagacctt gggccagtcg gtggctcagc tacaggcctg gtggtacaag	780
gcagatcctg atgactttac ctatgagagg cggaaagagt cggcagcata tattccattt	840

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ggccaggggg attttttatta ccatgcagcc atttttggag gaacaccgat tcaggttctc 900
aacatcacc aggagtgctt taagggaatc ctcttgga agaaaaatga catagaagcc 960
gagtgycatg atgaaagcca cctaacaag tatttcttc tcaacaaacc ctctaaaaatc 1020
ttatctccag aatactgctg ggattatcat ataggcctgc cttcagatat taaaactgtc 1080
aagctatcat ggcaaacaaa agagtataat ttggttagaa agaattgtctg a 1131

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<210> 15
 <211> 755
 <212> DNA
 <213> Homo sapiens

<400> 15

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tggccacaaa gtcatatatt acatcatggt ggaatgatgc tccaagctgc cgtttataga 180
gctgggtcct ctgcattcct tcaaaatgtt tgaggccaag ccagagaaga ggtggcaaga 240
catcagcatg atgcgtatga agatcactgg ggagcacatc ttggcccaca tccaacacga 300
ggtcgacttc ctctcttgcg tggatgtgga ccaggtcttc caagaccatt ttgggttgga 360
gaccctaggc cagtcagttg ctcagctaca ggcctggcgtt acaaggcaga tccctatgac 420
ttacctagg agaggttgaa agagtcagca ggatacattc catttgcca ggggattttt 480
attaccatgc agccatttct ggaggaaacac ccattcaggt tctcaacatc acccaggagt 540
gctttaaggg aatcctcctg gacaagaaaa atgacataga agccaagtgg catgatgaaa 600
gccacataa caagtatttc ctctcaata aacctcttaa aatcttatcc ctaaaatact 660
gctgggatta tcatataggc ctgccttcag atattaaaac tgcaagtga tctggtgaga 720
caaaagagta taatttggtt agaaataatg tctga 755

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<210> 16
 <211> 1131
 <212> DNA
 <213> Artificial

<400> 16

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ccagaagtgt atgacagcag tgctcagaag gactggtgtt ttcttggtg gtttaacaat 180
gggatccaca attatcaaca agaggaagaa gacacagaca aagaaaaagg aagagaggag 240
gaacaaaaaa aggaagatga cacaacagag cttcggtat gggaactggt taatccaaag 300
aaacgccccg aggttatgac agtgacccaa tggaggcgc cggttggtg ggaaggcact 360
tacaacaaag caatcctaga aaattattat gccaaacaga aaattaccgt ggggttgacg 420
gtttttgcta ttggaagata tattgatcat tacttgagg agttcttaac atctgcta 480
aggtaactta tggttggcca caaagtcata tttacatca tgggtgatga tgtctcaag 540
gcgcccgtta tagagctggg tcctctgcgt tccttcaaag tggttgaggt caagccagag 600
aagaggtggc aagacatcag catgatgcgt atgaagatca ctggggagca catcttgcc 660
cacatccaac acgaggtcga ctctctcttc tgcatggatg tggaccaggt cttccaagac 720
cattttgggg tggagacctt aggccagtca gtggctcag tacaggcctg gtggtacaag 780
gcagatcccc atgactttac ctatgagagg cgaagagat cagcaggata cattccattt 840
ggccaggggg atttttatta ccatgcagcc atttttggag gaacacccat tcaggttctc 900
aacatcacc aggagtgctt taagggaatc ctcttgga agaaaaatga catagaagcc 960
gagtgycatg atgaaagcca cctaacaag tatttcttc tcaataaacc ctctaaaaatc 1020
ttatccccag aatactgctg ggattatcat ataggcctgc cttcagatat taaaactgtc 1080
aagctatcgt ggcagacaaa agagtataat ttggttagaa ataattgtctg a 1131

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<210> 17
 <211> 1303
 <212> DNA
 <213> Ovis aries

<400> 17

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acggagctca atagaacttg gtacttttgc cttttactct gggaggagag aagcagacga 180
tgaggagaaa ataataatg tcaaaaggaaa agtgattctg tcaatgctgg ttgtctcaac 240
tgtcattgtt gtgttttggg aatatatcca cagccagaaa ggctctttgt tctggataaa 300
cccatcaaga aacccaagaag tcagtggcgg cagcagcatt cagaagggtt ggtggtttcc 360
gagatggttt aacaatggtt accaagaaga agatgaagac gttagcgaag aaaaggaaca 420
aagaaaagaa gacaaaagca agcttaagct atcgactgg ttcaacccat ttaaacgccc 480
tgaggttggt actatgacag attggaaggc acccgtggtg tgggaaggca cttacaacag 540
agccgtctta gacgattact acgccaagca gaaaattacc gtgcggcctg cggttttcgc 600
cgtcggaaga tacattgagc attacttgga ggagttctta acgtctgcta ataagcactt 660
catggttggc caccgagtca tcttttacgt catggtggac gacgtctcca ggatgccttt 720
gatagagctg ggcctcttgc gctccttcaa agtgtttgag gtcaagcctg agaggagggt 780
gcaggaagct agcatggtgc gcatgaagac catcggggag cacatcggtg cccacatcca 840
gcgtgaggtt gacttctctt tctgcatgga cgtggaccag gtcttccaag acgagttcgg 900
ggtggagacc ctgggtgagt cgggtggcca gctacagccc tgggtgtaca aggcagatcc 960
cgaatggttt acctacgaga ggcgcaagga gtctgcagca tacattccct tcggcggaag 1020
ggatttttat taccacgcag ccatttttgg gggaacaccc actcaggtcc ttaacatcac 1080
ccaggaatgc ttcaaggaa tcctcaagga caagaaaaat gacatagaag cccaatggca 1140

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tgatgagagc catctaaaca agtatttcct tctcaacaaa cccactaaaa tcttatcccc 1200
ggaataactgc tgggattatc atataggcct acctgcggat attaatgctg tcaagatgtc 1260
ttggcagaca aaagagtata atgtggtag aaataacgtc tga 1303
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